1	AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF WESTON, WEST VIRGINIA TO AMEND ITS
2	TRAFFIC CODE BY REPEALING ITS CURRENT TRAFFIC CODE AND ADOPTING
3	A COMPREHENSIVE TRAFFIC CODE, PURSUANT TO POWERS GRANTED TO
4	THE CITY OF WESTON BY WEST VIRGINIA CODE 8-12-5 AND THE CHARTER OF
5	THE CITY OF WESTON, WEST VIRGINIA
6	
7	WHEREAS, the City of Weston, West Virginia, pursuant to the provisions of West Virginia Code
8	§8-12-5, does regulate public streets, avenues, roads, alleys, ways, sidewalks, crosswalks and
9	public spaces belonging to the municipality; and,
10	
11	WHEREAS, the City has historically regulated the use of the same, also pursuant to the
12	provisions of said Code, to impose traditional regulations upon the signage and use of said public
13	streets, etc; and,
14	
15	WHEREAS, the City, acting by and through its Council as provided for by the laws of the State
16	of West Virginia and the Charter of said city, does now desire to amend its Traffic Code.
17	
18	NOW, BE IT ENACTED BY THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WESTON AS
19	FOLLOWS:
20	PART I – TRAFFIC CODE
21	THAT, as of the effective date of this Ordinance, the Traffic Code of the City of Weston,
22	as codified in Chapter 28 in the codified ordinances of the City of Weston, is amended and
23	reenacted to read as follows:

24		
25		CHAPTER 28 – TRAFFIC CODE
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28	Article 2	Obedience to and Effect of Traffic Laws
29	Article 3	Traffic Signs, Signals and Markings
30	Article 4	Crashes
31	Article 5	Serious Traffic Offenses
32	Article 6	Speeding
33	Article 7	Driving on Right Side of Roadway, Overtake and Passing Etc.
34	Article 8	Turning and Starting and Signals on Stopping and Turning
35	Article 9	Right of Way
36	Article 10	Special Stops Required
37	Article 11	Equipment
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39	Article 13	Miscellaneous Rules
40	Article 14	License and Registration
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42	Article 16	Bicycles
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52	28.1.5	Business District
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97 28.1.50 Wheelchair

28.1.1 MEANING OF WORDS AND PHRASES.

The following words and phrases when used in this Traffic Code shall, for the purpose of this Traffic Code, have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this article.

(WV Code 17C-1-1)

28.1.2 AUTHORIZED EMERGENCY VEHICLE.

"Authorized emergency vehicle" means vehicles of the Fire Department, duly chartered rescue squad, Police Department, ambulance service, state, county or municipal agency and such privately owned ambulances, tow trucks, wreckers, flag car services, vehicles providing road service to disabled vehicles, service vehicles of a public service corporation, postal service vehicles, snow removal equipment, Class A vehicles of firefighters, Class A vehicles of members of ambulance services, and Class A vehicles of members of duly chartered rescue squads, and all other emergency vehicles as are designated by the agency responsible for the operation and control of these persons or organizations. Class A vehicles are as defined by West Virginia Code 17A-10-1. Agency authorization and emergency equipment are defined in West Virginia Code 17C-15-26. Agencies responsible for issuing authorization for emergency vehicle permits may promulgate such regulations that are necessary for the issuance of permits for emergency vehicles. (WV Code 17C-1-6)

28.1.3 BICYCLE.

"Bicycle" means every device which does not have a motor attached and which is propelled by human power upon which any person may ride, having two tandem wheels either of which is more than twenty inches in diameter. (WV Code 17C-1-8)

28.1.4 BUS.

"Bus" means every motor vehicle designed for carrying more than seven passengers and used for the transportation of persons; and every motor vehicle, other than a taxicab, designed and used for the transportation of persons for compensation. (WV Code 17C-1-13)

28.1.5 BUSINESS DISTRICT.

"Business district" means the territory contiguous to and including a street or highway when within any 600 feet along such highway there are buildings in use for business or industrial purposes, including but not limited to hotels, banks or office buildings, railroad stations, and public buildings which occupy at least 300 feet of frontage on one side or 300 feet collectively on both sides of the street or highway. (WV Code 17C-1-45)

28.1.6 CONTROLLED-ACCESS HIGHWAY.

"Controlled-access highway" means every highway, street or roadway in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no legal right of access to or from the same except at such points only and in such manner as may be determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over such highway, street or roadway. (WV Code 17C-1-41)

28.1.7 CROSSWALK.

"Crosswalk" includes:

- (a) That part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the street or highway measured from the curbs or, in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway; and
- (b) Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface. (WV Code 17C-1-43)

28.1.8 **DRIVER**.

"Driver" means every person who drives or is in actual physical control of a vehicle. (WV Code 17C-1-31)

28.1.9 ELECTRIC PERSONAL ASSISTIVE MOBILITY DEVICE.

"Electric personal assistive mobility device" or "EPAMD" means a self-balancing, two nontandem-wheeled device, designed to transport only one person, with an electric propulsion system with average power of seven hundred fifty watts (one horse power), whose maximum speed on a paved level surface, when powered solely by such a propulsion system while ridden by an operator who weighs one hundred seventy pounds, is less than twenty miles per hour. (WV Code 17C-1-66)

28.1.10 EXPLOSIVES.

"Explosives" means any chemical compound or mechanical mixture that is commonly used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosive and which contains any oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion or by detonator of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects or of destroying life or limb. (WV Code 17C-1-24).

28.1.11 FLAMMABLE LIQUID.

"Flammable liquid" means any liquid which has a flash point of seventy degrees

Fahrenheit, or less, as determined by a tagliabue or equivalent closedcup test device. (WV Code

17C-1-25)

28.1.12 GROSS WEIGHT.

"Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle without load plus the weight of any load thereon. (WV Code 17C-1-26)

28.1.13 INTERSECTION.

"Intersection" includes:

- (a) The area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral curb lines or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two streets or highways which join one another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area within which vehicles traveling upon different streets or highways joining at any other angle may come in conflict; and
- (b) Where a street or highway includes two roadways thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of each roadway of such divided street or highway by an intersecting highway shall be regarded as a separate intersection. In the event such intersecting street or highway also includes two roadways thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of two roadways of such streets or highways shall be regarded as a separate intersection. (WV Code 17C-1-42)

28.1.14 LANED ROADWAY.

"Laned roadway" means a roadway which is divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for vehicular traffic. (WV Code 17C-1-39)

28.1.15 MOPED.

"Moped" means every motorcycle or motor-driven cycle unless otherwise specified in this Traffic Code, which is equipped with two or three wheels, foot pedals to permit muscular propulsion and an independent power source providing a maximum of two brake horsepower. If a combustion engine is used, the maximum piston or rotor displacement shall be

fifty cubic centimeters regardless of the number of chambers in such power source. The power source shall be capable of propelling the vehicle, unassisted, at a speed not to exceed thirty miles per hour on a level road surface and shall be equipped with a power drive system that functions directly or automatically only, not requiring clutching or shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged. (WV Code 17C-1-5a)

28.1.16 MOTORCYCLE.

"Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, but excluding a tractor. (WV Code 17C-1-4)

28.1.17 MOTOR-DRIVEN CYCLE.

"Motor-driven cycle" means every motorcycle having a piston displacement of more than fifty cubic centimeters but not more than 150 cubic centimeters, or with not more than five brake horsepower. (WV Code 17C-1-5)

28.1.18 MOTOR VEHICLE.

"Motor vehicle" means every vehicle which is self-propelled and every vehicle which is propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operated upon rails, except motorized wheelchairs. (WV Code 17C-1-3)

28.1.19 OWNER.

"Owner" means a person who holds the legal title of a vehicle or in the event a vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or lessee, or in the event a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then such conditional vendee or lessee or mortgagor shall be

212	deemed the owner for the purpose of this Traffic Code. (WV Code 17C-1-32)
213	28.1.20 PARK.
214	"Park" when prohibited, means the standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or
215	not, otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or
216	unloading. (WV Code 17C-1-54)
217	28.1.21 PARKING AREA.
218	"Parking area" means lots, areas or other accommodations for the parking of
219	vehicles off the street or highway and open to public use with or without charge. (WV Code
220	17C-1-60)
221	28.1.22 PASSENGER VAN.
222	"Passenger van" means any van or other motor vehicle owned by any agency,
223	business or other legal entity and operated for the purpose of transportation of children under the
224	age of eighteen years, other than a van utilized for private use, taxicab, bus or school bus.
225	Passenger vans include, but are not limited to, vehicles used by daycare centers, after-school
226	centers and nursery schools: provided, that the term "passenger van" does not include any van or
227	other motor vehicle which is utilized for the specific purpose of transporting children to medical
228	facilities for the purpose of medical or dental treatment and which loads and unloads the children
229	on private property, making no stops for loading or unloading along public roads or highways.
230	(WV Code 17C-1-64)
231	28.1.23 PEDESTRIAN.
232	"Pedestrian" means any person afoot or any person using a wheelchair. (WV
233	Code 17C-1-30)
234	28.1.24 PERSON.

235	"Person" means every natural person, firm, partnership, limited liability company,
236	association or corporation. (WV Code 17C-1-29)
237	28.1.25 POLE TRAILER.
238	"Pole trailer" means every vehicle without motive power designed to be drawn by
239	another vehicle and attached to the towing vehicle by means of a reach, or pole, or by being
240	boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle and ordinarily used for transporting long or
241	irregularly shaped loads such as poles, pipes, trusses or structural members capable, generally, of
242	sustaining themselves as beams between the supporting connections. (WV Code 17C-1-17)
243	28.1.26 POLICE OFFICER.
244	"Police officer" means every officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or to
245	make arrests for violations of traffic regulations. (WV Code 17C-1-33)
246	28.1.27 PRIVATE ROAD OR DRIVEWAY; PRIVATE PROPERTY.
247	1. "Private road" or "driveway" means every way or place in private ownership and used for
248	vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission from the
249	owner, but not by other persons.
250	2. "Private property" means real estate in private ownership without regard to the manner in
251	which it is used. (WV Code 17C-1-36)
252	28.1.28 RAILROAD.
253	"Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property, upon cars, other than streetcars,
254	operated upon stationary rails. (WV Code 17C-1-21)
255	28.1.29 RAILROAD SIGN OR SIGNAL.
256	"Railroad sign" or "signal" means any sign, signal or device erected by authority
257	of a public body or official or by a railroad and intended to give notice of the presence of railroad

258	tracks or the approach of a railroad train. (WV Code 17C-1-49)
259	28.1.30 RAILROAD TRAIN.
260	"Railroad train" means a steam engine, electric or other motor, with or without
261	cars coupled thereto, operated upon rails, except streetcars. (WV Code 17C-1-22)
262	28.1.31 RESIDENCE DISTRICT.
263	"Residence district" means the territory contiguous to and including a street or
264	highway not comprising a business district when the property on such street or highway for a
265	distance of 300 feet or more is in the main improved with residences or residences and buildings
266	in use for business. (WV Code 17C-1-46)
267	28.1.32 RESIDENTIAL STREET.
268	"Residential street" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every
269	way, whether publicly or privately maintained, located within any subdivision, development or
270	other similar area used primarily for residential purposes when any part thereof is open to the
271	common use of those living in such area for the purpose of vehicular travel. (WV Code 17C-I-
272	62)
273	28.1.33 RIGHT OF WAY.
274	"Right of way" means the privilege of the immediate use of the street or highway.
275	(WV Code 17C-1-51)
276	28.1.34 ROADWAY.
277	"Roadway" means that portion of a street or highway improved, designed or
278	ordinarily used for vehicular travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder. In the event a street or
279	highway includes two or more separate roadways, the term "roadway" as used herein shall refer
280	to any such roadway separately but not to all such roadways collectively. (WV Code 17C-1-37)

28.1.35 SAFETY ZONE.

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"Safety zone" means the area or space officially set apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians and which is protected or is so marked or indicated by adequate signs as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a safety zone. (WV Code 17C-1-44)

28.1.36 SCHOOL BUS.

"School bus" means every motor vehicle owned by a public or governmental agency and operated for the transportation of children to or from school, or privately owned and operated for compensation for the transportation of children to or from school. (WV Code 17C-

28.1.37 SCHOOL GROUNDS.

"School grounds" includes the land on which a school is built together with such other land used by students for play, recreation or athletic events while attending school. (WV Code 17C-1-55)

28.1.38 SEMITRAILER.

"Semitrailer" means every vehicle with or without motive power, other than a pole trailer, designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and so constructed that some part of its weight and that of its .load rests upon or is carried by another vehicle. (WV Code 17C-1-16)

28.1.39 SIDEWALK.

"Sidewalk" means that portion of a street or highway between the curb lines, or the lateral lines of a roadway, and the adjacent property lines intended for the use of pedestrians. (WV Code 17C-1-38)

28.1.40 STOP.

304	"Stop" when required, means complete cessation from movement. (WV Code
305	17C-1-52)
306	28.1.41 STOP, STOPPING OR STANDING.
307	"Stop", "stopping," or "standing," when prohibited, means any stopping or
308	standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with
309	other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or traffic control sign or
310	signal. (WV Code 17C-1-53)
311	28.1.42 STREET OR HIGHWAY; ALLEY.
312	1. "Street" or "highway" means the entire width between the boundary lines of
313	every way publicly maintained when any part thereof is open to the use of the
314	public for purposes of vehicular travel. (WV Code 17C-1-35)
315	2. "Alley" means a street or highway intended to provide access to the rear or
316	side of lots or buildings in urban districts and not intended for the purpose of
317	through vehicular traffic.
318	28.1.43 THROUGH STREET OR THROUGH HIGHWAY.
319	"Through street" or "through highway" means every street or highway or portion
320	thereof at the entrances to which vehicular traffic from intersecting streets or highways is
321	required by law to stop before entering or crossing the same and when stop signs are erected as
322	provided in this Traffic Code. (WV Code 17C-1-40)
323	28.1.44 TRAFFIC.
324	"Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded animals, vehicles, streetcars and
325	other conveyances either singly or together while using any street or highway for purposes of
326	travel. (WV Code 17C-1-50)

327 28.1.45 TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES. 328 "Traffic control device" means any sign, signal marking and device not 329 inconsistent with this Traffic Code placed or erected by authority of a public body or official 330 having jurisdiction, for the purpose of regulating, warning or guiding traffic. (WV Code 17C-1-331 47) 332 28.1.46 TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNAL. 333 "Traffic control signal" means any device, whether manually, electrically or 334 mechanically operated, by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and to proceed. (WV Code 335 17C-148) 336 28.1.47 TRAILER. 337 "Trailer" means every vehicle with or without motive power, other than a pole 338 trailer, designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and so 339 constructed that no part of its weight rests upon the towing vehicle. (WV Code 17C-1-15) 340 28.1.48 TRUCK. 341 "Truck" means every motor vehicle designed, used or maintained primarily for the transportation of property. (WV Code 17C-1-12) 342 343 28.1.49 **VEHICLE**. 344 "Vehicle" means every device in, upon or by which any person or property is or 345 may be transported or drawn upon a street or highway, except devices moved by human power or 346 used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks or wheelchairs. (WV Code 17C-1-2) 28.1.50 WHEELCHAIR. 347 348 "Wheelchair" means a motorized or nonmotorized wheeled device designed for, 349 and used by, a person with disabilities that is incapable of a speed in excess of eight miles per

350	hour_(WV	Code 17C-1-65)
351		Article 2
352		Obedience to and Effect of Traffic Laws
353	28.2.1	Authority of Police and Fire Department Officials.
354	28.2.2	Application to Vehicles Upon Streets and Highways; Exceptions.
355	28.2.3	Obedience to Police Officers; Fleeing.
356	28.2.4	Application to Government Vehicles; Exception.
357	28.2.5	Authorized Emergency Vehicles.
358	28.2.6	Application to Persons Riding Animals or Driving Animal Drawn Vehicles.
359	28.2.99	Penalty.
360		Article 2
361		OBEDIENCE TO AND EFFECT OF TRAFFIC LAWS
362	28.2.1 AU	THORITY OF POLICE AND FIRE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS.
363	(a) It sha	all be the duty of the officers of the Police Department to enforce all street traffic
364	laws	of this Municipality and all of the State vehicle laws applicable to street traffic in.
365	this I	Municipality.
366	(b) Office	eers of the Police Department are hereby authorized to direct all traffic by voice,
367	hand	or signal in conformance with traffic laws; provided that in the event of a fire or
368	other	emergency or to expedite traffic or to safeguard pedestrians, officers of the Police
369	Depa	artment may direct traffic as conditions may require notwithstanding the provision
370	of th	e traffic laws.
371	(c) Office	eers of the Fire Department, when at the scene of a fire, may direct or assist the
372	polic	e in directing traffic thereat or in the immediate vicinity.

373	28.2.2	APPLICATION TO VEHICLES UPON STREETS AND HIGHWAYS;
374		EXCEPTIONS.
375		The provisions of this Traffic Code relating to the operation of vehicles refer
376	exclusiv	vely to the operation of vehicles upon streets and highways except:
377	(a)	Where a different place is specifically referred to in a given section.
378	(b) '	The provisions of this Traffic Code except Article 112 shall apply upon streets and
379	1	highways as defined in Section 114.06. (WV Code 17C-2-1)
380	28.2.03	OBEDIENCE TO POLICE OFFICERS; FLEEING
381	(a)]	No person shall willfully fail or refuse to comply with a lawful order or direction of any
382	1	police officer or designated special officer invested by law with authority to direct,
383	(control or regulate traffic. (WV Code 17C-2-3(c)
384	(b)]	No person shall operate a vehicle so as to willfully elude or flee a police officer or
385	•	designated special officer after receiving a visible or audible signal from such an officer
386	1	to bring his vehicle to a stop.
387	28.2.4	APPLICATION TO GOVERNMENT VEHICLES; EXCEPTION.
388	(a)	The provisions of this Traffic Code applicable to the drivers of vehicles upon the streets
389	•	or highways shall apply to the drivers of all vehicles owned or operated by the United
390	;	States, this State, or any county, Municipality, town, district or any other political
391	\$	subdivision of the State, except as provided in this section and subject to such specific
392	•	exceptions as are set forth in this Traffic Code with reference to authorized emergency
393	,	vehicles.
394	(b)	Unless specifically made applicable, the provisions of this Traffic Code shall not apply

to persons, teams, motor vehicles and other equipment while actually engaged in work

upon the surface of a street or highway but shall apply to such persons and vehicles when traveling to or from such work. (WV Code 17C-2-4)

28.2.5 AUTHORIZED EMERGENCY VEHICLES.

- (a) The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle, when responding to an emergency call or when in the pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law or when responding to 'but not upon returning from a fire alarm, may exercise the privileges set forth in this section, but subject to the conditions herein stated.
- **(b)** The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle may:
 - (1) Park or stand, irrespective of the provisions of this Traffic Code;
 - (2) Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, but only after slowing down as may be necessary for safe operation;
 - (3) Exceed the speed limits so long as he does not endanger life or property;
 - (4) Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or turning in specified directions.
- (c) The exemptions herein granted to an authorized emergency vehicle shall apply only when the driver of any such vehicle while in motion sounds audible signal by bell, siren or exhaust whistle as may be reasonably necessary, and when the vehicle is equipped with at least one lighted flashing lamp as authorized by Section 28.11.18 which is visible under normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of 500 feet to the front of such vehicle, except that an authorized emergency vehicle operated as a police vehicle need not be equipped with or display a warning light visible from in front of the vehicle.
- (d) The foregoing provisions shall not relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons, nor shall

419	sue	ch provisions protect the driver from the consequences of his reckless disregard for		
420	the	e safety of others. (WV Code 17C-2-5)		
421	28.2.6 A	PPLICATION TO PERSONS RIDING ANIMALS OR DRIVING ANIMAL-		
122	D	PRAWN VEHICLES.		
423		Every person riding an animal or driving any animal-drawn vehicle upon a		
124	roadway sł	nall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the		
125	driver of a	vehicle by this Traffic Code, except those provisions of this Traffic Code which by		
126	their very 1	nature can have no application. (WV Code 17C-2-6)		
127	28.2.99 P	ENALTY.		
128		General Article Penalty. Whoever violates any provision of this article for which		
129	no other pe	enalty is provided shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a		
430	second conviction within one year thereafter shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars			
431	(\$200.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred			
432	dollars (\$5	00.00).		
433		ARTICLE 3		
134		Traffic Signs, Signals and Markings		
435	28.3.1	Obedience to Traffic Control Devices		
436	28.3.2	Obedience to Traffic Control Instructions at Street Construction		
437	28.3.3	Traffic Control Signal Terms and Lights		
438	28.3.4	Pedestrian Control Signals		
439	28.3.5	Flashing Signals		
440	28.3.6	Unauthorized Signs and Signals, Biding From View, Advertising		
441	28.3.7	Alteration, Injury, Removal of Traffic Control Devices		

442 28.3.8 Traffic Violations in Construction Zones 443 28.3.99 Penalty 444 445 TRAFFIC SIGNS, SIGNALS AND MARKINGS 446 OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES. 28.3.1 447 (a) The driver of any vehicle shall obey the instructions of any official traffic 448 control device applicable thereto placed in accordance with the provisions of 449 this Traffic Code, unless otherwise directed by a traffic or police officer, subject 450 to the exceptions granted the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle in this 451 Traffic Code. 452 (b) No provision of this Traffic Code for which signs are required shall be enforced 453 against an alleged violator if at the time and place of the alleged violation an 454 official sign is not in proper position and sufficiently legible to be seen by an 455 ordinarily observant person. Whenever a particular section does not state that 456 signs are required, such section shall be effective even though no signs are 457 erected or in place. (WV Code 17C-3-4) 458 28.3.2 OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS AT STREET 459 CONSTRUCTION. 460

The driver of any vehicle shall obey the traffic-control instructions of any law enforcement officer or persons authorized by the Commissioner of Highways or by proper local authorities to operate traffic control devices, act as flagmen or operate authorized vehicles engaged in work at or near the site of street or highway construction maintenance work, for the purpose of regulating, warning or guiding traffic, subject to the exceptions granted the driver of

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an authorized emergency vehicle in this Traffic Code. (WV Code 17C-3-4a)

28.3.3 TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNAL TERMS AND LIGHTS.

Whenever traffic is controlled by traffic control signals exhibiting the words "go," "caution" or "stop," or exhibiting different colored lights successively one at a time, or with arrows, the following colors only shall be used and such terms and lights shall indicate and apply to drivers of vehicles and pedestrians as follows:

(a) Green alone or "go":

- 1. Vehicular traffic facing the signal, except when prohibited under Section 28.10.2, may proceed straight through or turn right or left unless a sign at such place prohibits either such turn. But vehicular traffic, including vehicles turning right or left, shall yield the right of way to other vehicles and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or an adjacent crosswalk at the time such signal is exhibited.
- 2. Pedestrians facing the signal may proceed across the roadway within any marked or unmarked crosswalk.
- **(b)** Yellow alone or "caution" when showing following the green or "go" signal:
 - 1. Vehicular traffic facing the signal is thereby warned that the red or "stop" signal will be exhibited immediately thereafter and such vehicular traffic shall not enter or be crossing the intersection when the red or "stop" signal is exhibited.
 - Pedestrians facing such signal are thereby advised that there is insufficient time to
 cross the roadway, and any pedestrian then starting to cross shall yield the right of
 way to all vehicles.

(c) Red alone or "stop":

1. Vehicular traffic facing the signal shall stop before entering the crosswalk on the near

side of the intersection or, if none, then before entering the intersection and shall remain standing until green or "go" is shown alone except as provided in subsection (c)(2) and (3) hereof.

- 2. A vehicle which is stopped in obedience to a red or "stop" signal as close as practicable at the entrance to the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection or, if none, then at the entrance to the intersection, may cautiously make a right turn but such vehicle shall yield the right of way to pedestrians lawfully within a crosswalk and to other vehicular traffic proceeding as directed by the signal at such intersection, except that Council may by ordinance prohibit any such right turn against a red or "stop" signal at any intersection which ordinance shall be effective when a sign is erected at such intersection giving notice thereof.
- 3. A vehicle which is stopped in obedience to a red or "stop" signal as close as practicable at the entrance to the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection or, if none, then at the entrance to the intersection on a one-way street which intersects another one-way street on which traffic moves to the left, may cautiously make a left turn into the one-way street but such vehicle shall yield the right of way to pedestrians lawfully within a crosswalk and to other vehicular traffic proceeding as directed by the signal at such intersection, except that Council may by ordinance prohibit any such left turn against a red or "stop" signal at any intersection, which ordinance shall be effective when a sign is erected at such intersection giving notice thereof.
- 4. No pedestrian facing such signal shall enter the roadway unless he can do so safely and without interfering with any vehicular traffic.

(d)	Red	with	green	arrow
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- 1. Vehicular traffic facing such signal may cautiously enter the intersection only to make the movement indicated by such arrow but shall yield the right of way to pedestrians lawfully within a crosswalk and to other traffic lawfully using the intersection.
- 2. No pedestrian facing such signal shall enter the roadway unless he can do so safely and without interfering with any vehicular traffic.
- (e) In the event an official traffic control signal is erected and maintained at a place other than an intersection, the provisions of this section shall be applicable except as to those provisions which by their nature can have no application. Any stop required shall be made at a sign or marking on the pavement indicating where the stop shall be made, but in the absence of any such sign or marking the stop shall be made at the signal. (WV Code 17C-3-5)

28.3.4 PEDESTRIAN CONTROL SIGNALS.

Whenever special pedestrian control signals exhibiting the words "walk" or "wait" are in place such signals shall indicate as follows:

- (a) Walk. Pedestrians facing such signal may proceed across the roadway in the direction of the signal and shall be given the right of way by the drivers of all vehicles
- (b) Wait. No pedestrian shall start to cross the roadway in the direction of such signal, but any pedestrian who has partially completed his or her crossing on the walk signal shall proceed to a sidewalk or safety island while the wait signal is showing. (WV Code 17C-3-6)

28.3.5 FLASHING TRAFFIC SIGNALS.

Whenever an illuminated flashing red or yellow signal is used in a traffic sign or

signal it shall require obedience by vehicular traffic as follows:

- (a) Flashing Red (Stop Signal). When a red lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles shall stop before entering the nearest crosswalk at an intersection or at a limit line when marked, or, if none, then before entering the intersection and the right to proceed shall be subject to the rules applicable after making a stop at a stop sign.
- **(b)** Flashing Yellow (Caution Signal). When a yellow lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles may proceed through the intersection or past such signal only with caution. (WV Code 17C-3-7)

28.3.6 UNAUTHORIZED SIGNS AND SIGNALS, BIDING FROM VIEW, ADVERTISING.

- (a) No local authority or person shall place, maintain or display upon or in view of any street or highway any unauthorized traffic control device or traffic control signal, or any unauthorized sign, signal, marking or device which purports to be or is an imitation of or resembles an official traffic control device or railroad sign or signal, or which attempts to direct the movement of traffic or which hides from view or interferes with the effectiveness of any official traffic control device or any railroad sign or signal, and no person shall place or maintain nor shall any public authority permit upon any street or highway any traffic control device bearing thereon any commercial advertising. This shall not be deemed to prohibit the erection upon private property adjacent to a street or highway of signs giving useful directional information and of a type that cannot be mistaken for official signs.
- (b) Every such prohibited device, signal, sign or marking is hereby declared to be a public

557 nuisance and the Commissioner of Highways or other authority having jurisdiction over 558 the street or highway is hereby empowered to remove the same or cause it to be removed 559 without notice. (WV Code 17C-3-8) 560 ALTERATION, INJURY, REMOVAL OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES. 28.3.7 561 No person shall without lawful authority attempt to or in fact alter, deface, injure, 562 knock down or remove any official traffic control device or any railroad sign or signal or any 563 inscription, shield or insignia thereon, or any other part thereof. (WV Code 17C-3-9) 564 TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS IN CONSTRUCTION ZONES. 28.3.8 565 At each and every location where street or highway construction work is to be 566 conducted a sign shall be posted at least 1,000 feet from the construction site, or as close 567 to 1,000 feet from the construction site as is practicable given the location of the site 568 when workers are present, notifying all motorists as to the speed limit and displaying the 569 words "construction work". 570 (b) No person shall violate any posted speed restriction or traffic restriction at such 571 construction site referred to in subsection (a) of this section. 572 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude prosecution of any operator of a 573 motor vehicle who commits a violation of any other provision of this Traffic Code for 574 such violation. (WV Code 17C-3-4b) 575 **28.3.99 PENALTY.** 576 (a) General Penalty. Whoever violates Section 28.3.1, 28.3.2 or 28.3.4 shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year 577 578 thereafter shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon a third or

subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

(b) Construction Zones.

- 1. Any person who exceeds any posted speed restriction or traffic restriction at a construction site referred to in Section 28.3.8 by less than fifteen miles per hour shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00).
- 2. Any person who exceeds any posted speed restriction or traffic restriction at a construction site referred to in Section 28.3.8 by fifteen miles per hour or more shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$300.00).

587 ARTICLE 4

588 Crashes

589 28.4.1 Immediate Reports of Crashes

590 28.4.2 When Driver Unable to Report

591 28.4.3 Garages to Report Bullet Damage

592 28.4.99 Penalty

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28.4.1 IMMEDIATE REPORTS OF ACCIDENTS.

The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to or death of any person or total property damage to an apparent extent of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or more shall immediately by the quickest means of communication, whether oral or written, give notice of such accident to the Police Department. (WV Code 17C-4-6)

28.4.2 WHEN DRIVER UNABLE TO REPORT.

Whenever the driver of a vehicle is physically incapable of making an immediate report of an accident as required in Section 28.4.1 and there was another occupant in the vehicle at the time of the accident capable of making a report, such occupant shall make or cause to be

603	made such report not made by the driver. (WV Code 17C-4-8)			
604	28.4.3	GARAGES TO REPORT BULLET DAMAGE.		
605		The person in charge of any garage or repair shop to which is brought any motor		
606	vehicle	vehicle which shows evidence of having been struck by any bullet, shall report to the Police		
607	Departn	Department within twenty-four hours after such motor vehicle is received, giving the engine		
608	number, registration number, and the name and address of the owner or operator of such vehicle.			
609	(WV Code 17C-4-12)			
610	28.4.99	PENALTY.		
611		Any person violating the provisions of Section 28.4.1 after being involved in an		
612	accident resulting in physical injury but not death to any person shall be fined not more than one			
613	thousand dollars (\$1,000). (WV Code 17C-4-1)			
614		ARTICLE 5		
615		SERIOUS TRAFFIC OFFENSES		
616	28.5.1	Driving under the Influence		
617	28.5.2	Reckless Driving		
618	28.5.3	Hazardous Driving		
619	28.5.99	Penalty		
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621	28.5.1	DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE.		
622		Intentionally left Blank		
623	28.5.2	RECKLESS DRIVING.		
624	(a)	No person shall drive any vehicle upon any street or highway, or upon any residential		
625	S	street, or in any parking area, or upon the ways of any institution of higher education,		

626		whether public or private or upon the property of the Board of Education, or upon any
627		property within the Municipal park and public recreation system, in willful or wanton
628		disregard for the safety of persons or property.
629	(b)	The provisions of subsection (a) hereof shall not apply to those areas which have been
630		temporarily closed for racing sport events or which may be set aside by the Municipality
631		within the park and recreation system for exclusive use by motorcycles or other
632		recreational vehicles. (WV Code 17C-5-3)
633	(c)	Every person convicted of reckless driving may be punished by a fine of not more than
634		five hundred dollars (\$500.00), and on a second or subsequent conviction may be
635		punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).
636	28.5.3	HAZARDOUS DRIVING.
637	(a)	No person shall operate a motor vehicle or motorcycle without exercising reasonable
638		and ordinary control over such vehicle.
639	(b)	No person shall operate a motor vehicle or motorcycle in a weaving or zigzag course
640		unless such irregular course is necessary for safe operation or in compliance with law.
641	(c)	No person shall operate a motor vehicle or motorcycle without giving his full time and
642		attention to the operation of such vehicle.
643	28.5.99	PENALTY.
644		Whoever violates Section 28.5.2 shall for a first offense be fined not less than twenty-
645		five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), for a second or
646		subsequent offense shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) or more than one
647		thousand dollars (\$1,000).
648		ARTICLE 6

649 **SPEEDING** 650 28.6.1 Maximum Speed Limits 651 28.6.2 Slow Speed 652 28.6.3 **Special Speed Limitations** 653 28.6.4 Racing on Streets and Highways Prohibited 654 28.6.99 Penalty 655 656

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28.6.1 MAXIMUM SPEED LIMITS.

- (a) No person may drive a vehicle on a street or highway at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the existing conditions and the actual and potential hazards. In every event speed shall be so controlled as may be necessary to avoid colliding with any person, vehicle or other conveyance on or entering the streets and highways in compliance with legal requirements and the duty of all persons to use due care.
- (b) Where no special hazard exists that requires lower speed for compliance with subsection (a) of this section the speed of any vehicle not in excess of the limits specified in this section or established as hereinafter authorized is lawful, but any speed in excess of the limits specified below in this subsection or established as hereinafter authorized is unlawful.
 - 1. <u>Fifteen miles per hour</u> in a school zone during school recess or while children are going to or leaving school during opening or closing hours. A school zone is all school property including school grounds and any street or highway abutting such school grounds and extending one hundred twenty-five feet along such street or highway from the school grounds. Such speed restriction does not apply to vehicles traveling

672	on a controlled-access highway which is separated from the school or school ground		
673	by a fence or barrier approved by the Division of Highways;		
674	2. Twenty-five miles per hour in any business or residence district;		
675	3. Fifty-five miles per hour on open country highways; except as otherwise provided by		
676	this article.		
677	The speeds set forth in this section may be altered as authorized in West Virginia		
678	Code Article 17C-6.		
679	(c) The driver of every vehicle shall, consistent with the requirements of subsection (a) of		
680	this section, drive at an appropriate reduced speed when approaching and crossing an		
681	intersection or railway grade crossing, when approaching and going around a curve, whe		
682	approaching a hill crest, when traveling upon any narrow or winding roadway and when		
683	special hazard exists with respect to pedestrians or other traffic or by reason of weather of		
684	highway conditions.		
685	(d) The speed limit on controlled-access highways and interstate highways, where no special		
686	hazard exists that requires a lower speed, shall be not less than fifty-five miles per hour		
687	and the speed limits specified in subsection (b) of this section do not apply. (WV Code		
688	17C-6-1)		
689	28.6.2 SLOW SPEED.		
690	No person shall drive a motor vehicle at such a slow speed as to impede the		
691	normal and reasonable movement of traffic except when reduced speed is necessary for safe		
692	operation or in compliance with law. (WV Code 17C-6-3a(a))		
693	28.6.3 SPECIAL SPEED LIMITATIONS.		
694	(a) Subject to all other speed restrictions of this Traffic Code no person shall drive a vehicle		

695	not designed for carrying passengers and equipped with pneumatic tires at a speed in		
696	excess of:		
697	1.Twenty miles per hour in any business district;		
698	2. Twenty-five miles per hour in any residence district;		
699	3. Forty miles per hour on open country highway; Trucks licensed at 8,000 pounds gross		
700	vehicle weight or less shall be permitted the same speed as passenger cars. (WV		
701	Code 17C-6-4)		
702	(b) No person shall drive any vehicle equipped with other than pneumatic tires at a speed		
703	greater than a maximum of ten miles per hour.		
704	No person shall drive a vehicle over any bridge or other elevated structure constituting a		
705	part of a street or highway at a speed which is greater than the maximum speed which can be		
706	maintained with safety to such bridge or structure, when such structure is so signposted. (WV		
707	Code 17C-6-5)		
708	28.6.4 RACING ON STREETS AND HIGHWAYS PROHIBITED.		
709	(a) No person shall engage in, or aid or abet by serving as lookout or timer or in any other		
710	capacity whatever, any speed race, as defined herein, on any public street or highway in		
711	this municipality. For the purposes of this section, "speed race" means:		
712	1. The operation of a motor vehicle in speed acceleration competition with another motor		
713	vehicle or motor vehicles; or		
714	2. The operation of a motor vehicle in speed acceleration competition against time; or		
715	3. The operation of a motor vehicle in speed competition with another motor vehicle or		
716	motor vehicles where the speed exceeds the lawful speed limit. (WV Code 17C-6-		
717	8(a))		

(b) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (a) hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), and for a second offense by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or by imprisonment for not less than six days nor more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and for a third and each subsequent offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment for not less than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. For the purposes of this section, a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure such person's appearance in court, which forfeiture has not been vacated, shall be equivalent to a final conviction.

28.6.99 **PENALTY**.

- (a) General Article Penalty. Whoever violates any provision of this article for which no other penalty is provided shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
- **(b)** Speeding.
 - 1.Unless otherwise provided in this subsection (b) hereof, any person who violates the provisions of Section 106.01 shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter, shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and, upon a third or subsequent conviction within two years thereafter, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars

\$500.00).

- 2.Any person who violates the provisions of Section 106.01(b)(1) shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00); provided, that if such conviction is based upon a violation of the provisions of Section 106.01(b)(1) where the offender exceeded the speed limit by fifteen miles per hour or more in the presence of one or more children, then the person shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (WV Code 17C-6-1)
- (c) Street Racing. Whoever violates Section 28.6.4 shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); for a second offense fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or by imprisonment for not less than six days nor more than thirty days, or both; and for a third and each subsequent offense fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment for not more than thirty days or both. For the purposes of this section, a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure such person's appearance in court, which forfeiture has not been vacated, shall be equivalent to a final conviction. If at the time of any violation of the provisions of Section 28.6.4 by any person as an operator of a motor vehicle, such person was not entitled to operate a motor vehicle in this State because his operator's or chauffeur's license, or privilege to drive in this State if such person be a nonresident, had earlier been suspended or removed, then in addition to the penalties provided for in this section, the provisions of Section 28.14.10 shall be applicable. (WV Code 17C-6-8)

763 ARTICLE 7

764	DRIVINO	G ON RIGHT SIDE OF ROADWAY, OVERTAKING AND PASSING, ETC.	
765	28.7.1	Driving Upon Right Side of Roadway; Exceptions	
766	28.7.2	Passing to Right When Proceeding in Opposite Directions	
767	28.7.3	Overtaking, Passing to Left; Driver's Duties	
768	28.7.4	Overtaking and Passing Upon Right	
769	28.7.5	Overtaking, Passing to Left of Center	
770	28.7.6	Additional Restrictions on Driving Upon Left Side of Roadway.	
771	28.7.7	Hazardous or No Passing Zones	
772	28.7.8	One-Way Roadways and Rotary Traffic Islands	
773	28.7.9	Driving in Marked Lanes or Continuous Lines of Traffic	
774	28.7.10	Following Too Closely	
775	28.7.11	Driving Upon Divided Roadways	
776	28.7.12	Entering and Exiting Controlled-Access Highway	
777	28.7.99	Penalty	
778			
779	28.7.1 DRI	IVING UPON RIGHT SIDE OF ROADWAY; EXCEPTIONS.	
780	(a) Upon	all roadways of sufficient width a vehicle shall be driven upon the right half of the	
781	roadway, except as follows:		
782	1. When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction under		
783	the	e rules governing such movement;	
784	2. When the right half of a roadway is closed to traffic while under construction or repair;		
785	3.Upon a roadway divided into three marked lanes for traffic under the rules applicable		
786	thereon; or		

4.Upon a roadway designated and signposted for one-way traffic.

(b) Upon all roadways any vehicle proceeding at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing shall be driven in the right-hand lane then available for traffic, or as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway, except when overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction or when preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway.

28.7.2 PASSING TO RIGHT WHEN PROCEEDING IN OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS.

Drivers of vehicles proceeding in opposite directions shall pass each other to the right, and upon roadways having width for not more than one line of traffic in each direction each driver shall give to the other at least one-half of the main-traveled portion of the roadway as nearly as possible. (WV Code 17C-7-2)

28.7.3 OVERTAKING, PASSING TO LEFT; DRIVER'S DUTIES.

The following rules shall govern the overtaking and passing of vehicles proceeding in the same direction, subject to these limitations, exceptions and special rules hereinafter stated.

- (a) The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle proceeding in the same direction shall give an audible signal and pass to the left thereof at a safe distance and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until safely clear of the overtaken vehicle.
- (b) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle on audible signal and shall not increase the speed of his or her vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle. (WV Code 17C-7-3)

28.7.4 OVERTAKING AND PASSING UPON RIGHT.

- (a) The driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass upon the right of another vehicle only under the following conditions:
 - 1. When the vehicle overtaken is making or about to make a left turn;
 - 2.Upon a street or highway with unobstructed pavement not occupied by parked vehicles of sufficient width for two or more lines of moving vehicles in each direction;
 - 3.Upon a one-way street, or upon any roadway on which traffic is restricted to one direction of movement, where the roadway is free from obstructions and of sufficient width for two or more lines of moving vehicles.
- **(b)** The driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass another vehicle upon the right only under conditions permitting such movement in safety. In no event shall such movement be made by driving off the pavement or main-traveled portion of the roadway. (WV Code 17C-7-4)

28.7.5 OVERTAKING, PASSING TO LEFT OF CENTER.

No vehicle shall be driven to the left side of the center of the roadway in overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction unless such left side is clearly visible and is free of oncoming traffic for a sufficient distance ahead to permit such overtaking and passing to be completely made without interfering with the safe operation of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction or any vehicle overtaken. In every event the overtaking vehicle must return to the right-hand side of the roadway before coming within 100 feet of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction. (WV Code 17C-7-5)

28.7.6 ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON DRIVING UPON LEFT SIDE OF

ROADWAY.

833	(a) No vehicle shall at any time be driven to the left side of the roadway under the following
834	conditions:
835	1. When approaching the crest of a grade or upon a curve in the street or highway where
836	the driver's view is obstructed within such distance as to create a hazard in the event
837	another vehicle might approach from the opposite direction;
838	2. When approaching within 100 feet of or traversing any intersection or railroad grade
839	crossing;
840	3. When the view is obstructed upon approaching within 100 feet of any bridge, viaduct or
841	tunnel.
842	(b) The foregoing limitations shall not apply upon a one-way roadway. (WV Code 17C-7-6)
843	28.7.7 HAZARDOUS OR NO PASSING ZONES.
844	When signs or markings are in place and clearly visible to an ordinarily observant
845	person indicating that overtaking and passing or driving to the left of the roadway would be
846	especially hazardous, every driver of a vehicle shall obey the directions thereof. (WV Code 17C-
847	7-7)
848	28.7.8 ONE-WAY ROADWAYS AND ROTARY TRAFFIC ISLANDS.
849	(a) Upon a roadway designated and signposted for one-way traffic a vehicle shall be driven
850	only in the direction designated.
851	(b) A vehicle passing around a rotary traffic island shall be driven only to the right of such
852	island. (WV Code 17C-7-8(b), (c))
853	28.7.9 DRIVING IN MARKED LANES OR CONTINUOUS LINES OF TRAFFIC.
854	Whenever any roadway has been divided into two or more clearly marked lanes
855	for traffic the following rules in addition to all others consistent herewith shall apply:

- (a) A vehicle shall be driven as nearly as practicable entirely within a single lane and shall not be moved from such lane until the driver has first ascertained that such movement can be made with safety.
- **(b)** Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes a vehicle shall not be driven in the center lane which is clearly marked as a left turn lane except in preparation for a left turn or where such center lane is at the time allocated exclusively to traffic moving in the direction the vehicle is proceeding and is signposted to give notice of such allocation.
- (c) Official signs may be erected directing slow-moving traffic to use a designated lane or designating those lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction regardless of the center of the roadway and drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of every such sign.

28.7.10 FOLLOWING TOO CLOSELY.

- (a) The driver of a motor vehicle shall not follow another vehicle more closely than is reasonable and prudent having clue regard for the speed of such vehicles and the traffic upon and the condition of the street or highway.
- (b) No operator of any motor truck, registered for a gross weight of more than 8,000 pounds, bus, special mobile equipment or any motor vehicle drawing another vehicle operating upon any roadway outside of a business or residence district, shall follow within 200 feet of another motor truck, bus, special mobile equipment or any motor vehicle drawing another vehicle; provided that this provision shall not be construed to:
 - 1.Prevent overtaking and passing;
 - 2. Apply upon any lane specially designated for the use of motor trucks or combinations of vehicles, or within any section of a roadway posted or marked as a "no-passing

879	zone";
880	3. Apply to any convoy of vehicles of the military service of the United States or of this
881	State; and
882	4. Apply to funeral processions.
883	(c) Motor vehicles being driven upon any roadway outside of a business or residence district
884	in a caravan or motorcade whether or not towing other vehicles shall be so operated as to
885	allow sufficient space between each such vehicle or combination of vehicles so as to
886	enable any other vehicle to enter and occupy such space without danger. This provision
887	shall not apply to:
888	1.Funeral processions; or
889	2. Any convoy of vehicles of the military service of the United States or of this State.
890	(WV Code 17C-7-10)
891	28.7.11 DRIVING UPON DIVIDED ROADWAYS.
892	Whenever any street or highway has been divided into two roadways by leaving
893	an intervening space or by a physical barrier or clearly indicated dividing section so constructed
894	as to impede vehicular traffic, every vehicle shall be driven only upon the right-hand roadway
895	and no vehicle shall be driven over, across or within any such dividing space, barrier or section,
896	except through an opening in such physical barrier or dividing section or space or at a crossover
897	or intersection established by public authority. (WV Code 17C-7-11)
898	28.7.12 ENTERING AND EXITING CONTROLLED-ACCESS HIGHWAY.
899	No person shall drive a vehicle onto or from any controlled-access roadway

except at such entrances and exits as are established by public authority. (WV Code 17C-7-12)

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28.7.99 PENALTY.

902		Whoever violates any provision of this article shall be fined not more than one
903	hundred	dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter shall be fined not
904	more tha	an two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be
905	fined no	t more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
906		ARTICLE 8
907		Turning and Starting and Signals on Stopping and Turning
908	28.8.1	Conformity with Provisions Required
909	28.8.2	Right Turns
910	28.8.3	Left Turns on Two-Way Roadways
911	28.8.4	Left Turns on Other than Two-Way Roadways
912	28.8.5	Specified Turns at Intersections
913	28.8.6	"U" Turns Restricted
914	28.8.7	Signals Before Changing Course; Turning or Stopping
915	28.8.8	Signals to be Given by Hand and Arm or Signal Device
916	28.8.9	Hand and Arm Signals
917	28.8.99	Penalty
918		
919	T	URNING AND STARTING AND SIGNALS ON STOPPING AND TURNING
920	28.8.1	CONFORMITY WITH PROVISIONS REQUIRED.
921		The driver of a vehicle intending to turn at an intersection shall do so as provided
922	in this ar	rticle. (WV Code 17C-8-1)
923	28.8.2	RIGHT TURNS.
924		Both the approach for a right turn' and a right turn shall be made as close as

practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway. (WV Code 17C-8-2)

28.8.3 LEFT TURNS ON TWO-WAY ROADWAYS.

At any intersection where traffic is permitted to move in both directions on each roadway entering the intersection, an approach for a left turn shall be made in that portion of the right half of the roadway nearest the centerline thereof and by passing to the right of such centerline where it enters the intersection and after entering the intersection the left turn shall be made so as to leave the intersection to the right of the centerline of the roadway being entered. Whenever practicable the left turn shall be made in that portion of the intersection to the left of the center of the intersection. (WV Code 17C-8-3)

28.8.4 LEFT TURNS ON OTHER THAN TWO-WAY ROADWAYS.

At any intersection where traffic is restricted to one direction on one or more of the roadways, the driver of a vehicle intending to turn left at any such intersection shall approach the intersection in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in the direction of travel of such vehicle and after entering the intersection the left turn shall be made so as to leave the intersection, as nearly as practicable, in the left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in such direction upon the roadway being entered. (WV Code 17C-8-4)

28.8.5 SPECIFIED TURNS AT INTERSECTIONS.

Council or other designated traffic authority may cause markers, buttons or signs to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and thereby require and direct that a different course from that specified in this article be traveled by vehicles turning at an intersection, and when markers, buttons or signs are so placed no driver of a vehicle shall turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by such markers, buttons or signs. (WV Code 17C-8-5)

28.8.6 "U" TURNS RESTRICTED.

- (a) No vehicle shall be turned so as to proceed in the opposite direction upon any curve, or upon the approach to, or near the crest of a grade, where such vehicle cannot be seen by the driver of any other vehicle approaching from either direction within 500 feet. (WV Code 17C-8-6)
- (b) No vehicle shall be turned so as to proceed in the opposite direction within an intersection, or upon any street in a business district, or upon a freeway, expressway or controlled-access highway, or where authorized signs are erected to prohibit such movement, or at any other location unless such movement can be made with reasonable safety to other users of the street and without interfering with the safe operation of any traffic that may be affected by such movement.

28.8.7 SIGNALS BEFORE CHANGING COURSE; TURNING OR STOPPING.

- (a) No person shall turn a vehicle at an intersection unless the vehicle is in proper position-upon the roadway as required in Sections 108.02 to 108.05, or turn a vehicle to enter a private road or driveway or otherwise turn a vehicle from a direct course or move right or left upon a roadway unless and until such movement can be made with reasonable safety. No person shall so turn any vehicle without giving an appropriate signal in the manner hereinafter provided in the event any other traffic may be affected by such movement.
- **(b)** A signal of intention to turn right or left when required shall be given continuously during not less than the last 100 feet traveled by the vehicle before turning.
- (c) No person shall stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a vehicle without first giving an appropriate signal in the manner provided herein to the driver of any vehicle immediately to the rear when there is opportunity to give such signal. (WV Code 17C-8-8)

28.8.8 SIGNALS TO BE GIVEN BY HAND AND ARM OR SIGNAL DEVICE.

Any stop or turn signal when required herein shall be given either by means of the hand and arm or by a signal lamp or lamps or mechanical signal device, but when a vehicle is so constructed or loaded that hand-and-arm signal would not be visible both to the front and rear of such vehicle then such signals must be given by such a lamp or lamps or signal device. (WV Code 17C-8-9)

977 28.8.9 HAND AND ARM SIGNALS.

All signals herein required given by hand and arm shall be given from the left side of the vehicle in the following manner and such signals shall indicate as follows:

- (a) Left Turn: Hand and arm extended horizontally.
- **(b)** Right Turn: Hand and arm extended upward.
- 982 (c) Stop or Decrease Speed: Hand and arm extended downward. (WV Code 17C-8-10)

28.8.99 PENALTY.

28.9.4

Whoever violates any provision of this article shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

Right of Way

988 ARTICLE 9

		5
990	28.9.1	Right of Way at Intersections
991	28.9.2	Right of Way When Turning Left
992	28.9.3	Right of Way at Through Street or Highway or Stop Intersections

Driving onto Roadway From Private Road or Driveway; Duty to Yield

994 28.9.5 Right of Way of Emergency Vehicle
995 28.9.6 Turning into Private Driveway, Alley or Building
996 28.9.99 Penalty

28.9.1 RIGHT OF WAY AT INTERSECTIONS.

- (a) The driver of a vehicle approaching an intersection shall yield the right of way to a vehicle which has entered the intersection from a different street or highway.
- **(b)** When two vehicles enter an intersection from a different street or highway at approximately the same time the driver of the vehicle on the left shall yield the right of way to the vehicle on the right.
- (c) The right-of-way rules declared in subsections (a) and (b) hereof are modified at through streets or highways and otherwise as hereinafter stated in this article. (WV Code 17C-9-1)

28.9.2 RIGHT OF WAY WHEN TURNING LEFT.

The driver of a vehicle within an intersection intending to turn to the left shall yield the right of way to any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction which is within the intersection or so close thereto as to constitute an immediate hazard, but such driver, having so yielded and having given a signal when and as required by this Traffic Code may make such left turn and the drivers of all other vehicles approaching the intersection from the opposite direction shall yield the right of way to the vehicles making the left turn. (WV Code 17C-9-2)

28.9.3 RIGHT OF WAY AT THROUGH STREET OR HIGHWAY OR STOP

1015 INTERSECTIONS.

(a) The driver of a vehicle shall stop as required by Section 110.05 at the entrance to a

through street or highway and shall yield the right of way to other vehicles which have entered the intersection from such through streets or highways or which are approaching so closely on such through street or highway as to constitute an immediate hazard but the driver having so yielded may proceed.

(b) The driver of a vehicle shall likewise stop in obedience to a stop sign as required herein at an intersection where a stop sign is erected at one or more entrances thereto although not a part of a through street or highway and shall proceed cautiously, yielding to vehicles not so obliged to stop which are within the intersection or approaching so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard, but may then proceed. (WV Code 17C-9-3)

28.9.4 DRIVING ONTO ROADWAY FROM PRIVATE ROAD OR DRIVEWAY; DUTY TO YIELD.

The driver of a vehicle about to enter or cross a street or highway from a private road or driveway shall yield the right of way to all vehicles approaching on the street or highway. (WV Code 17C-9-4)

28.9.5 RIGHT OF WAY OF EMERGENCY VEHICLE.

(a) Upon the immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle equipped with at least one flashing lighted lamp of a color authorized by Section 28.11.18, which is visible under normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of 500 feet to the front of such vehicle other than a police vehicle when operated as an authorized emergency vehicle, and when the driver is giving audible signal by siren, exhaust whistle or bell, the driver of every other vehicle shall yield the right of way and shall immediately drive to a position parallel to, and as close as possible to, the right-hand edge or curb of the roadway clear of any intersection and shall stop and remain in such position until the authorized

emergency vehicle has passed, except when otherwise directed by a police officer.

(b) This section shall not operate to relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons using the street or highway. (WV Code 17C-9-5)

28.9.6 TURNING INTO PRIVATE DRIVEWAY, ALLEY OR BUILDING.

The driver of a vehicle intending to turn into a private road or driveway, alley or building from a public street or highway shall be governed by the following rules:

- (a) Approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway.
- **(b)** Upon a roadway where traffic is proceeding in opposite directions, approach for a left turn and a left turn shall be made from that portion of the right half of the roadway nearest the center line thereof.
- (c) Upon a roadway where traffic is restricted to one direction, approach for a left turn and a left turn shall be made as close as practicable to the left-hand curb or edge of the roadway.
- (d) It shall be the duty of the driver of any vehicle entering a private road or driveway, alley or building to yield the right of way to pedestrians lawfully using the sidewalk or sidewalk area extending across any alleyway, private road, driveway or building.

28.9.99 **PENALTY**.

Whoever violates any provision of this article shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter shall be fined not more than three hundred dollars (\$300.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). (WV Code 17C-9-6)

1063		ARTICLE 10
1064		SPECIAL STOPS REQUIRED
1065	28.10.1	Through Streets and Stop Intersections
1066	28.10.2	Driving onto Roadway from Place Other than Roadway; Stopping at Sidewalk
1067	28.10.3	Stopping for School Bus; Signs and Warning Lights; Sale of School Bus
1068	28.10.4	Stopping for Passenger Van; Signs and Warning Lights
1069	28.10.5	Obstructing Intersection or Crosswalk
1070	28.10.99	Penalty
1071		
1072	28.10.1 TH	IROUGH STREETS AND STOP INTERSECTIONS.
1073	(a) Cour	ncil or other designated traffic authority may designate through streets or highways
1074	and erect stop signs at specified entrances thereto or may designate any intersection as a	
1075	stop intersection and erect like signs at one or more entrances to such intersection.	
1076	(b) Ever	y such sign shall bear the word "Stop" in letters not less than six inches in height and
1077	such	sign shall at nighttime be rendered luminous by steady or flashing internal
1078	illum	ination, or by a fixed floodlight projected on the face of the sign, or by efficient
1079	reflec	cting elements on the face of the sign.
1080	(c) Ever	y stop sign shall be erected as near as practicable to the nearest line of the crosswalk
1081	on th	e near side of the roadway.
1082	(d) Ever	y driver of a vehicle approaching a stop sign shall stop before entering the crosswalk
1083	on th	e near side of the intersection or in the event there is no crosswalk shall stop at a
1084	clear	ly marked stop line, but if none, then at the point nearest the intersecting street or
1085	high	way where the driver has a view of approaching traffic on the intersecting street or

highway before entering the intersection except when directed to proceed by a police officer or traffic control signal. (WV Code 17C-12-5)

28.10.2 DRIVING ONTO ROADWAY FROM PLACE OTHER THAN ROADWAY; STOPPING AT SIDEWALK.

The driver of a vehicle within a business or residence district emerging from any alley, driveway or building shall stop such vehicle immediately prior to driving onto a sidewalk or onto the sidewalk area extending across any alleyway or private driveway, and shall yield the right of way to any pedestrian as may be necessary to avoid collision, and upon entering the roadway shall yield the right of way to all vehicles approaching on such roadway. (WV Code 17C-12-6)

28.10.3 STOPPING FOR SCHOOL BUS; SIGNS AND WARNING LIGHTS; SALE OF SCHOOL BUS.

(a) The driver of a vehicle upon meeting or overtaking from either direction any school bus which has stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging any school children shall stop the vehicle before reaching such school bus when there is in operation on such school bus flashing warning signal lights, as referred to in West Virginia Code 17C-12-8 and such driver shall not proceed until such school bus resumes motion, or is signaled by the school bus driver to proceed or the visual signals are no longer actuated. This section applies wherever the school bus is receiving or discharging children, including, but not limited to, any street, highway, parking lot, private road or driveway: provided, that the driver of a vehicle upon a controlled access highway need not stop upon meeting or passing a school bus which is on a different roadway or adjacent to such highway and where pedestrians are not permitted to cross the roadway. If the identity of the driver

cannot be ascertained, then any such owner or lessee of the vehicle in violation of this subsection shall be subject to the penalty provided for a violation of this subsection provided, however, that such conviction shall not subject such owner or lessee to farther administrative or other penalties for such offense, notwithstanding other provisions of the West Virginia Code or this Traffic Code to the contrary.

(b) Every bus used for the transportation of school children shall bear upon the front and rear thereof a plainly visible sign containing the words "school bus" in letters not less than eight inches in height. When a contract school bus is being operated upon a street or highway for purposes other than the actual transportation of children either to or from school, all markings thereon indicating "school bus" shall be covered or concealed. Any school bus sold or transferred to another owner by a county board of education, agency or individual, shall have all flashing warning lights disconnected and all lettering removed or permanently obscured, except when sold or transferred for the transportation of school children. (WV Code 17C-12-7)

28.10.4 STOPPING FOR PASSENGER VAN; SIGNS AND WARNING LIGHTS.

(a) Every passenger van used for the transportation of children shall bear upon the front and rear thereof a plainly visible sign containing the warning "Caution: Loading and Unloading Passengers" in letters not less than six inches in height. Every such passenger van shall be equipped with either flashing warning signal lights as are contemplated and referred to in West Virginia Code 17C-12-8, or a red caution flag which the driver or some other adult must use by exiting the passenger van and displaying while assisting in the loading or unloading of passengers. Such vehicles may also be equipped with a white flashing strobotron warning light that meets the requirements set forth in West Virginia

Code 17C-15-26(e).

(b) The driver of a vehicle upon meeting or overtaking from any direction any passenger van which has stopped for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers shall stop his or her vehicle before reaching the passenger van when there is in operation on the passenger van flashing warning signal lights or when an adult is outside the passenger van with a red caution flag and assisting with the loading or unloading of passengers. The driver of a vehicle may not proceed until he or she is signaled by the passenger van driver to proceed, the passenger van flashing signal lights are no longer actuated, or the passenger resumes motion. This section applies whenever the passenger van is loading or unloading children on any street, highway, parking lot, private road or driveway: provided, that the driver of a vehicle upon a controlled access highway need not stop upon meeting or passing a passenger van which is on a different roadway or adjacent to the highway and where pedestrians are not permitted to cross the roadway. (WV Code 17C-12-17a)

28.10.5 OBSTRUCTING INTERSECTION OR CROSSWALK.

No driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle he is operating without obstructing the passage of other vehicles or pedestrians, notwithstanding any traffic control signal indication to proceed.

28.10.99 PENALTY.

(a) Driving Onto Roadway From Place Other Than Roadway. Whoever violates Section 28.10.2 shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars

1155	(\$200.	00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five	
1156	hundred dollars (\$500.00).		
1157	(b) Stopping For School Bus or Passenger Van. Any driver acting in violation of Section		
1158	28.10.	3(a) or 28.10.4(b) shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than	
1159	two hu	undred dollars (\$200.00). If the identity of the driver cannot be ascertained, then	
1160	any su	ch owner or lessee of the vehicle in violation of Section 28.10.3(a) or 28.10.4(b)	
1161	shall b	e fined not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than one hundred	
1162	dollars (\$100.00): provided, however, that such conviction shall not subject such owner		
1163	or lessee to further administrative or other penalties for such offense, notwithstanding		
1164	other p	provisions of this Traffic Code to the contrary.	
1165		ARTICLE 11	
1166		EQUIPMENT	
1167	28.11.1	Driving Unsafe Vehicles; Application; Farm and Road Equipment Exceptions	
1168	28.11.2	When Lighted Lights Required	
1169	28.11.3	Measurement of Distances and Heights	
1170	28.11.4	Headlights on Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles	
1171	28.11.5	Tail Light; Illumination of Rear License Plate	
1172	28.11.6	Red Light or Red Flag on Extended Loads	
1173	28.11.7	Lights on Parked or Stopped Vehicles	
1174	28.11.8	Lights on Slow-Moving Vehicles	
1175	28.11.9	Spotlights and Auxiliary Lights	
1176	28.11.10	Signal Lamps and Signal Devices	
1177	28.11.11	Cowl, Fender and Back-up Lights; Flashing Hazard Lights	

1178	28.11.12	Multiple-beam Road-lighting Equipment Requirements
1179	28.11.13	Use of Headlight Beams
1180	28.11.14	Single-beam Road Lighting Equipment
1181	28.11.15	Lights on Motorcycles, Motor-Driven Cycles and Mopeds
1182	28.11.16	Alternate Road-lighting Equipment
1183	28.11.17	Number of Driving Lights Required or Permitted
1184	28.11.18	Special Restrictions on Lights
1185	28.11.19	Motor Vehicle or Motorcycle Brakes
1186	28.11.20	Inspection of Brakes on Motorcycles, Motor-driven Cycles and Mopeds
1187	28.11.21	Horn, Siren and Theft Alarm Signal
1188	28.11.22	Muffler; Muffler Cutout; Excessive Smoke, Gas or Noise
1189	28.11.23	Rear-view Mirror
1190	28.11.24	Windshield to be Unobstructed; Windshield Wiper
1191	28.11.25	Tire Equipment Restrictions
1192	28.11.26	Safety Glass in Motor Vehicles
1193	28.11.27	Vehicles Transporting Explosives
1194	28.11.28	Television Receiver in Driver's View Prohibited
1195	28.11.29	Safety Equipment for Motorcyclists, Motorcycles, Motor-Driven Cycles and
1196		Mopeds
1197	28.11.30	Certification Labels on Mopeds
1198	28.11.31	Child Passenger Safety Devices Required; Child Safety Seats and Booster
1199		Seats
1200	28.11.32	Alteration of Suspension System

1201	28.11.33	Sun Screening Devices
1202	28.11.34	Operation of Vehicles with Safety Belts
1203	28.11.35	Use of Engine Compression Brakes Prohibited
1204	28.11.99	Penalty

28.11.1 DRIVING UNSAFE VEHICLES; APPLICATION; FARM AND ROAD EQUIPMENT EXCEPTIONS.

- (a) No person shall drive or move and no owner shall cause or knowingly permit to be driven or moved on any street or highway any vehicle or combination of vehicles which is in such unsafe condition as to endanger any person, or which does not contain those parts or is not at all times equipped with such lamps and other equipment in proper condition and adjustment as required in this article, or which is equipped in any manner in violation of this article, or for any person to do any act forbidden or fail to perform any act required under this article.
- **(b)** Nothing contained in this article shall be construed to prohibit the use of additional parts and accessories on any vehicle not inconsistent with the provisions of this article.
- (c) The provisions of this article with respect to equipment on vehicles shall not apply to implements of husbandry, road machinery, road rollers or farm tractors except as herein made applicable. Every farm tractor equipped with an electric lighting system shall at all times mentioned in Section 28.11.2 display a red tail lamp and either multiple-beam or single-beam head lamps meeting the requirements of Section 28.11.2. (WV Code 17C-15-1)

28.11.2 WHEN LIGHTED LIGHTS REQUIRED.

Every vehicle other than a school bus, motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped operated upon a street or highway within this Municipality at any time from sunset to sunrise or during fog, smoke, rain or other unfavorable atmospheric conditions, or at any other time when there is not sufficient light to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles on the street or highway at a distance of 500 feet ahead shall display lighted head lamps and illuminating devices as hereinafter respectively required for different classes of vehicles, subject to exceptions with respect to parked vehicles as provided for in Section 28.11.7(c). Every school bus, motorcycle, motor-driven cycle and moped shall display lighted head lamps at all times when upon the street or highway. (WV Code 17C-15-2)

28.11.3 MEASUREMENT OF DISTANCES AND HEIGHTS.

- (a) Whenever requirement is hereinafter declared as to the distance from which certain lamps and devices shall render objects visible or within which such lamps or devices shall be visible such provisions shall apply during the times stated in Section 28.11.2 in respect to a vehicle without load when upon a straight, level, unlighted street or highway under normal atmospheric conditions unless a different time or condition is expressly stated.
- (b) Whenever requirement is hereinafter declared as to the mounted height of lamps or devices it shall mean from the center of such lamp or device to the level ground upon which the vehicle stands when such vehicle is without a load. (WV Code 17C-15-3)

28.11.4 HEADLIGHTS ON MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES.

(a) Every motor vehicle other than a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped shall be equipped with at least two head lamps with at least one on each side of the front of the motor vehicle, which head lamps shall comply with the requirements and limitations set forth in this article.

- **(b)** Every motorcycle, motor-driven cycle and moped shall be equipped with at least one and
 1248 not more than two head lamps which shall comply with the requirements and limitations
 1249 of this article.
 - (c) Every head lamp upon every motor vehicle, including every motorcycle, motor-driven cycle and moped, shall be located at a height measured from the center of the head lamp of not more than fifty-four inches nor less than twenty-four inches to be measured as set forth in Section 28.11.3. (WV Code 17C-15-4)

28.11.5 TAIL LIGHT; ILLUMINATION OF REAR LICENSE PLATE.

- (a) Every motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer, and any other vehicle which is being drawn at the end of a train of vehicles, shall be equipped with at least one tail lamp mounted on the rear, which, when lighted as herein before required, shall emit a red light plainly visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear, provided that in the case of a train of vehicles only the tail lamp on the rearmost vehicle need actually be seen from the distance specified.
- **(b)** Every tail lamp upon every vehicle shall be located at a height of not more than sixty inches nor less than twenty inches to be measured as set forth in Section 28.11.3(b).
- (c) Either a tail lamp or a separate lamp shall be so constructed and placed as to illuminate with a white light the rear registration plate and render it clearly legible from a distance of fifty feet to the rear. Any tail lamp or tail lamps, together with any separate lamp for illuminating the rear registration plate, shall be so wired as to be lighted whenever the head lamps or auxiliary driving lamps are lighted. (WV Code 17C-15-5)

28.11.6 RED LIGHT OR RED FLAG ON EXTENDED LOADS.

Whenever the load upon any vehicle extends to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of such vehicle there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of the load, at the

times specified in Section 28.11.2, a red light or lantern plainly visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the sides and rear. The red light or lantern required under this section shall be in addition to the red rear light required upon every vehicle. At any time there shall be displayed at the extreme rear end of such load a red flag or cloth not less than twelve inches square and so hung that the entire area is visible to the driver of a vehicle approaching from the rear. (WV Code 17C-15-14)

28.11.7 LIGHTS ON PARKED OR STOPPED VEHICLES.

- (a) Whenever a vehicle is lawfully parked upon a street or highway during the hours between sunset and sunrise and in the event there is sufficient light to reveal any person or object within a distance of 500 feet upon such street or highway no lights need be displayed upon such parked vehicle.
- (b) Whenever a vehicle is parked or stopped upon a roadway or shoulder adjacent thereto, whether attended or unattended, during the hours between sunset and sunrise and there is not sufficient light to reveal any person or object within a distance of 500 feet upon such street or highway, such vehicle so parked or stopped shall be equipped with one or more lamps meeting the following requirements: At least one lamp shall display a white or amber light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the front of the vehicle, and the same lamp or at least one other lamp shall display a red light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear of the vehicle, and the location of such lamp or lamps shall always be such that at least one lamp or combination of lamps meeting the requirements of this section is installed as near as practicable to the side of the vehicle which is closest to passing traffic. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped.
- (c) Any lighted head lamps upon a parked vehicle shall be depressed or dimmed. (WV Code

1293 17C-15-15)

28.11.8 LIGHTS ON SLOW-MOVING VEHICLES.

All vehicles including animal-drawn vehicles and including those referred to in Section 28.11.1(c) not hereinbefore specifically required to be equipped with lamps, shall at the times specified in Section 28.11.2 be equipped with at least one lighted lamp or lantern exhibiting a white light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the front of such vehicle and with a lamp or lantern exhibiting a red light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear. (WV Code 17C-15-16)

28.11.9 SPOTLIGHTS AND AUXILIARY LIGHTS.

- (a) Spot Lamps. Any motor vehicle except a public utility company maintenance vehicle may be equipped with not more than one spot lamp and every lighted spot lamp shall be so aimed and used upon approaching another vehicle that no part of the high-intensity portion of the beam will be directed to the left of the prolongation of the extreme left side of the vehicle nor more than 100 feet ahead of the vehicle. A public utility company maintenance vehicle may be equipped with more than one spot lamp but all lighted spot lamps shall be aimed and used in conformity to the requirements of this subsection.
- (b) Fog Lamps. Any motor vehicle may be equipped with not more than two fog lamps mounted on the front at a height not less than twelve inches nor more than thirty inches above the level surface upon which the vehicle stands and so aimed that when the vehicle is not loaded none of the high-intensity portion of the light to the left of the center of the vehicle shall at a distance of twenty-five feet ahead project higher than a level of four inches below the level of the center of the lamp from which it comes.
- (c) Auxiliary Passing Lamp. Any motor vehicle may be equipped with not more than one

auxiliary passing lamp mounted on the front at a height not less than twenty-four inches nor more than forty-two inches above the level surface upon which the vehicle stands and every auxiliary passing lamp shall meet the requirements and limitations set forth in this article.

- (d) <u>Auxiliary Driving Lamp.</u> Any motor vehicle may be equipped with not more than one auxiliary driving lamp mounted on the front at a height not less than sixteen inches nor more than forty-two inches above the level surface upon which the vehicle stands and every such auxiliary driving lamp shall meet the requirements and limitations set forth in this article.
- (e) Roof-Mounted Off-Road Light Bar Lighting Device. Any motor vehicle may be equipped with a roof-mounted off-road light bar lighting device comprised of multiple lamps: provided, that whenever the vehicle is operated or driven upon any road or highway, the roof-mounted off-road light bar lighting device shall be turned off and covered with an opaque covering that prohibits light from being emitted while the vehicle is being operated on any road or highway. (WV Code 17C-15-17)

28.11.10 SIGNAL LAMPS AND SIGNAL DEVICES.

- (a) Any motor vehicle may be equipped and when required under this Traffic Code shall be equipped with the following signal lamps or devices:
 - 1.A stop lamp on the rear which shall emit a red or yellow light and which shall be actuated upon application of the service (foot) brake and which may but need not be incorporated with a tail lamp.
 - 2.A lamp or lamps or mechanical signal device capable of clearly indicating any intention to turn either to the right or to the left and which shall be visible both from the front

and rear.

- (b) A stop lamp shall be plainly visible and understandable from a distance of 100 feet to the rear both during normal sunlight and at nighttime and signal lamp or lamps indicating intention to turn shall be visible and understandable during daytime and nighttime from a distance of 100 feet both to the front and rear. When a vehicle is equipped with a stop lamp or other signal lamps, such lamp or lamps shall at all times be maintained in good working condition. No stop lamp or signal lamp shall project a glaring or dazzling light.
- (c) All mechanical signal devices shall be self-illuminated when in use at the times mentioned in Section 28.11.2. (WV Code 17C-15-18)

28.11.11 COWL, FENDER AND BACK-UP LIGHTS; FLASHING HAZARD LIGHTS.

- (a) Any motor vehicle may be equipped with not more than two side cowl or fender lamps which shall emit an amber or white light without glare.
- **(b)** Any motor vehicle may be equipped with not more than one running-board courtesy lamp on each side thereof which shall emit a white or amber light without glare.
- equipped with not more than two back-up lamps either separately or in combination with other lamps, but any such back-up lamp shall not be lighted when the motor vehicle is in forward motion. School buses used for the transportation of school children in this Municipality, whether owned and operated by a county board of education or privately owned and operated under contract with a county board of education, shall be equipped with two back-up lamps, one on each side of the rear door, with white lens or reflectors, capable of lighting the roadway and objects to the rear of the bus for safe backing during darkness, and which, at the option of the county board of education, may each provide

fifty candlepower in illumination intensity instead of thirty-two candlepower.

- (d) Any vehicle may be equipped with lamps which may be used for the purpose of warning the operators of other vehicles of the presence of a vehicular traffic hazard requiring the exercise of unusual care in approaching, overtaking or passing, and when so equipped may display such warning in addition to any other warning signals required by this article. The lamps used to display such warning to the front shall be mounted at the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable and shall display simultaneously flashing white or amber lights, or any shade of color between white and amber. The lamps used to display such warning to the rear shall be mounted at the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable, and shall show simultaneously flashing amber or red lights or any shade of color between amber and red.
 - (e) Vehicles used by "rural mail carriers" in carrying or delivering mail in rural areas may be equipped with amber flashing lights. Such lights shall be on the front and rear of the vehicle and may be activated when the vehicle is stopped or decreasing speed in order to stop in the course of carrying, delivering or picking up mail along the route.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, any motor vehicle may be equipped with not more than one electroluminescent solid state ceramic front identification plate without glare, mounted in conformance with the manufacturer's specifications.
 - (g) Vehicles used as the lead car in a funeral procession are hereby authorized to be equipped with, but are not required to use, purple lamps or purple flashing lights. Such lamps may be used for the purpose of warning the operators of other vehicles of the presence of a vehicular traffic hazard requiring the exercise of unusual care in approaching, overtaking

or passing a funeral procession, and when so equipped may display such warning in addition to any other warning signals required by this article. The lamps or flashing lights used to display such warning to the front shall be mounted at the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable and shall display simultaneously either illuminating or flashing purple lights. The lamps used to display such warning to the rear shall be mounted at the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable, and shall show simultaneously flashing or illuminated purple lights. (WV Code 17C-15-19)

28.11.12 MULTIPLE-BEAM ROAD-LIGHTING EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS.

Except as hereinafter provided, the head lamps or the auxiliary driving lamp or the auxiliary passing lamp or combinations thereof on motor vehicles other than a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped shall be so arranged that the driver may select at will between distributions of light projected to different elevations and such lamps may, in addition, be so arranged that such selection can be made automatically, subject to the following limitations:

- (a) There shall be an uppermost distribution of light, or composite beam, so aimed and of such intensity as to reveal persons and vehicles at a distance of at least 350 feet ahead for all conditions of loading.
- **(b)** There shall be a lowermost distribution of light, or composite beam, so aimed and of sufficient intensity to reveal persons and vehicles at a distance of at least 100 feet ahead; and on a straight level road under any condition of loading none of the high-intensity portion of the beam shall be directed to strike the eyes of an approaching driver.
- (c) Every new motor vehicle, other than a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped, registered in the State after January 1, 1952, which has multiple-beam road-lighting equipment shall be equipped with a beam indicator, which shall be lighted whenever the

uppermost distribution of light from the head lamps is in use, and shall not otherwise be lighted. Such indicator shall be so designed and located that when lighted it will be readily visible without glare to the driver of the vehicle so equipped. (WV Code 17C-15-20)

28.11.13 USE OF HEADLIGHT BEAMS.

Whenever a motor vehicle is being operated on a roadway or shoulder adjacent thereto during the times specified in Section 28.11.2, the driver shall use a distribution of light, or composite beam, directed high enough and of sufficient intensity to reveal persons and vehicles at a safe distance in advance of the vehicle, subject to the following requirements and limitations:

- (a) Whenever a driver of a vehicle approaches an oncoming vehicle within 500 feet, such driver shall use a distribution of light, or composite beam, so aimed that the glaring rays are not projected into the eyes of the oncoming driver. The lowermost distribution of light, or composite beam specified in Section 28.11.12(b) shall be deemed to avoid glare at all times regardless of road contour and loading.
- (b) Whenever the driver of a vehicle follows another vehicle within 200 feet to the rear, except when engaged in the act of overtaking and passing, such driver shall use a distribution of light permissible under this Traffic Code other than the uppermost distribution of light specified in Section 28.11.12(a). (WV Code 17C-15-21)
- (c) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

28.11.14 SINGLE-BEAM ROAD-LIGHTING EQUIPMENT.

Head lamps arranged to provide a single distribution of light shall be permitted on motor vehicles manufactured and sold prior to July 1, 1952 in lieu of multiple-beam road-lighting equipment herein specified if the single distribution of light complies with the following requirements and limitations:

- (a) The head lamps shall be so aimed that when the vehicle is not loaded none of the high-intensity portion of the light shall at a distance of twenty-five feet ahead project higher than a level of five inches below the level of the center of the lamp from which it comes, and in no case higher than forty-two inches above the level on which the vehicle stands at a distance of seventy-five feet ahead.
- **(b)** The intensity shall be sufficient to reveal persons and vehicles at a distance of at least 200 feet. (WV Code 17C-15-22)

28.1.15 LIGHTS ON MOTORCYCLES, MOTOR-DRIVEN CYCLES AND MOPEDS.

- (a) Every vehicle other than a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped operated upon a highway within that City at any time from sunset to sunrise and at any other time when there is not sufficient light to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles on the highway at a distance of 500 feet ahead shall display lighted lamps and illuminating devices as hereinafter respectively required for different classes of vehicles, subject to exceptions with respect to parked vehicles as hereinafter stated. Every motorcycle, motor-driven cycle, and moped shall display lighted head lamps at all times when upon the highway.
- **(b)** Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

28.11.16 ALTERNATE ROAD-LIGHTING EQUIPMENT.

Any motor vehicle may be operated under the conditions specified in Section 28.11.2 when equipped with two lighted lamps upon the front thereof capable of revealing persons and objects seventy-five feet ahead in lieu of lamps required in Section 28.11.12, or Section 28.11.14, provided that at no time shall it be operated at a speed in excess of twenty miles per hour. (WV Code 17C-15-24)

28.11.17 NUMBER OF DRIVING LIGHTS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED.

- (a) At all times specified in Section 28.11.2 at least two lighted lamps shall be displayed, one on each side at the front of every motor vehicle other than a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped, except when such vehicle is parked subject to the regulations governing lights on parked vehicles.
- (b) Whenever a motor vehicle equipped with head lamps as herein required is also equipped with any auxiliary lamps or a spot lamp or any other lamp on the front thereof projecting a beam of intensity greater than 300 candlepower, not more than a total of four of any such lamps on the front of a vehicle shall be lighted at any one time when upon a street or highway. (WV Code 17C-15-25)

28.11.18 SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS ON LIGHTS.

- (a) Any lighted lamp or illuminating device upon a motor vehicle other than head lamps, spot lamps, auxiliary lamps or flashing front-direction signals which projects a beam of light of an intensity greater than 300 candlepower shall be so directed that no part of the beam will strike the level of the roadway on which the vehicle stands at a distance of more than seventy-five feet from the vehicle.
- (b) No person shall drive or move any vehicle or equipment upon any street or highway with

1477	any lamp or device thereon displaying other than a white or amber light visible from
1478	directly in front of the center thereof except as authorized by subsection (d) hereof.
1479	(c) Except as authorized in subsections (d) and (f) of this section and Section 28.11.11,
1480	flashing lights are prohibited on motor vehicles: Provided, that any vehicle as a means for
1481	indicating right or left turn, or any vehicle as a means of indicating the same is disabled
1482	or otherwise stopped for an emergency may have blinking or flashing lights.
1483	(d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Traffic Code, the following colors of
1484	flashing warning lights are restricted for the use of the type of vehicle designated:
1485	1.Blue flashing warning lights are restricted to police vehicles. Authorization for police
1486	vehicles shall be designated by the chief administrative official of each police
1487	department.
1488	2.Except for standard vehicle equipment authorized by Section 28.11.11, red flashing
1489	warning lights are restricted to the following:
1490	A) Ambulances;
1491	B) Fire-fighting vehicles;
1492	C) Hazardous material response vehicles;
1493	D) Industrial fire brigade vehicles;
1494	E) Rescue squad vehicles not operating out of a fire
1495	department;
1496	F) School buses;
1497	G) Class A vehicles, as defined by West Virginia Code 17A-10-
1498	1 of those firefighters who are authorized by their fire
1499	chiefs to have the lights;

1500	Н)	Class A vehicles of members of duly chartered rescue
1501		squads not operating out of a fire department;
1502	I)	Class A vehicles of members of ambulance services or duly
1503		chartered rescue squads who are authorized by their
1504		respective chiefs to have the lights;
1505	J)	Class A vehicles of out-of-state residents who are active
1506		members of West Virginia fire departments, ambulance
1507		services or duly chartered rescue squads who are authorized
1508		by their respective chiefs to have the lights; and
1509	K)	West Virginia Department of Agriculture emergency
1510		response vehicles.
1511	L)	Vehicles designated by the Secretary of the Department of
1512		Military Affairs and Public Safety for emergency response
1513		or emergency management by the Division of Corrections,
1514		Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority, Division
1515		of Juvenile Services and Division of Homeland Security
1516		and Emergency Management; and
1517	M)	Class A vehicles of emergency response or emergency
1518		management personnel as designated by the Secretary of
1519		the Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety and
1520		the county commission of the county of residence.
1521	3. Red flashing warning lights	attached to a Class A vehicle shall be operated only when
1522	responding to or engaged	in handling an emergency requiring the attention of the

1523 firefighters, members of the ambulance services or chartered rescue squads. The use of 1524 red flashing warning lights shall be authorized as follows: 1525 N) Authorization for all ambulances shall be designated by the Department of Health 1526 and Human Resources and the sheriff of the county of residence. 1527 O) Authorization for all fire department vehicles shall be designated by the Fire Chief 1528 and the State Fire Marshal's Office. 1529 P) Authorization for all hazardous material response vehicles and industrial fire 1530 brigades shall be designated by the Chief of the Fire Department and the State 1531 Fire Marshal's Office. 1532 Authorization for all rescue squad vehicles not operating out of a fire department Q) 1533 shall be designated by the squad chief, the sheriff of the county of residence and 1534 the Department of Health and Human Resources. 1535 R) Authorization for school buses shall be designated as set out in West Virginia 1536 Code 17C-14-12. 1537 S) Authorization for firefighters to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by 1538 their fire chiefs and the State Fire Marshal's Office. 1539 T) Authorization for members of ambulance services or any other emergency 1540 medical service personnel to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their 1541 chief official, the Department of Health and Human Resources and the sheriff of 1542 the county of residence. 1543 U) Authorization for members of duly chartered rescue squads not operating out of a 1544 fire department to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their squad

1545		chiefs, the sheriff of the county of residence and the Department of Health and
1546		Human Resources.
1547	V)	Authorization for out-of-state residents operating Class A vehicles who are active
1548		members of a West Virginia fire department, ambulance services or duly chartered
1549		rescue squads shall be designated by their respective chiefs.
1550	W)	Authorization for West Virginia Department of Agriculture emergency response
1551		vehicles shall be designated by the Commissioner or the Department of
1552		Agriculture.
1553	X)	Authorization for vehicles for emergency response or emergency management by
1554		the Division of Corrections, Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority,
1555		Division of Juvenile Services and Division of Homeland Security and Emergency
1556		Management shall be designated by the Secretary of the Department of Military
1557		Affairs and Public Safety.
1558	Y)	Authorization for Class A vehicles of emergency response or emergency
1559		management personnel as designated by the Secretary of the Department of
1560		Military Affairs and Public Safety and the county commission of the county of
1561		residence.
1562	4. Yellow	or amber flashing warning lights are restricted to the following:
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1564	Z)	All other emergency vehicles, including tow trucks and wreckers, authorized by
1565		the West Virginia Code Chapter 17C and 17C-15-27;
1566	AA)	Postal service vehicles and rural mail carriers, as authorized in Section 28.11.11;
1567	RR)	Rural newspaper delivery vehicles:

1568 CC) Flag car services; 1569 Vehicles providing road service to disabled vehicles; DD) 1570 EE) Service vehicles of a public service corporation; 1571 FF) Snow removal equipment; and 1572 School buses; and GG) 1573 HH) Automotive fire apparatus owned by a municipality or other political subdivision, 1574 by a volunteer or part-volunteer fire company or department or by an industrial 1575 fire brigade. 1576 5. The use of yellow or amber flashing warning lights shall be authorized as follows: 1577 1578 II) Authorization for tow trucks, wreckers, rural newspaper delivery vehicles, flag car 1579 services, vehicles providing road service to disabled vehicles, service vehicles of 1580 a public service corporation and postal service vehicles shall be designated by the 1581 sheriff of the county of residence. 1582 JJ) Authorization for snow removal equipment shall be designated by the 1583 Commissioner of the Division of Highways. 1584 KK) Authorization for school buses shall be designated as set out in West Virginia 1585 Code 17C-14-12. 1586 LL) Authorization for automotive fire apparatus shall be designated by the Fire Chief 1587 in conformity with the NFPA 1901 standard for automotive fire apparatus as 1588 published by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) on July 18, 2003, 1589 and adopted by the State Fire Commission by legislative rule (87 CSR 1, et seq.), 1590 except as follows:

- 1. With the approval of the State Fire Marshal, used automotive fire

 1592 apparatus may be conformed to the NFPA standard in effect on the date of

 1593 its manufacture or conformed to a later NFPA standard, and
 - 2. Automotive fire apparatus may be equipped with blinking or flashing headlamps.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, any vehicle belonging to a county board of education, an organization receiving funding from the state or federal transit administration for the purpose of providing general public transportation, or hauling solid waste may be equipped with a white flashing strobotron warning light. This strobe light may be installed on the roof of a school bus, a public transportation vehicle, or a vehicle hauling solid waste not to exceed one-third the body length forward from the rear of the roof edge. The light shall have a single clear lens emitting light three hundred sixty degrees around its vertical axis and may not extend above the roof more than six and one-half inches. A manual switch and a pilot light must be included to indicate the light is in operation.
 - (f) No person shall install or use flashing warning lights of an unauthorized color on a vehicle other than as specified in this section, except that a police vehicle may be equipped with either or both blue or red warning lights. (WV Code 17C-15-26)

28.11.19 MOTOR VEHICLE OR MOTORCYCLE BRAKES.

(a) Brake Equipment Required.

1. Every motor vehicle, other than a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped, when operated upon a street or highway shall be equipped with brakes adequate to control the movement of and to stop and hold such vehicle, including two separate means of applying the brakes, each of which means shall be effective to apply the brakes to at

least two wheels. If these two separate means of applying the brakes are connected in
any way, they shall be so constructed that failure of any one part of the operating
mechanism shall not leave the motor vehicle without brakes on at least two wheels.

- 2. Every motorcycle, motor-driven cycle and moped, when operated upon a street or highway, shall be equipped with at least one brake which may be operated by hand or foot.
- 3.Every trailer or semitrailer of a gross weight of 3,000 pounds or more when operated upon a street or highway shall be equipped with brakes adequate to control the movement of and to stop and to hold such vehicle and so designed as to be applied by the driver of the towing motor vehicle from its cab, and such brakes shall be so designed and connected that in case of an accidental breakaway of the towed vehicle the brakes shall be automatically applied.
- 4.Every new motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer hereinafter sold in this State and operated upon the streets or highways shall be equipped with service brakes upon all wheels, with the following exceptions:
 - a. Trucks and truck-tractors having three or more axles need not have brakes on the front wheels, except when such vehicles are equipped with at least two steerable axles, the wheels of one such axle need not be equipped with brakes, and
 - b. Any motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped and any semitrailer of less than
 1,500 pounds gross weight need not be equipped with brakes.
- 5. In any combination of motor-driven vehicles, means shall be provided for applying the rearmost trailer brakes, of any trailer equipped with brakes, in approximate synchronism with the

brakes on the towing vehicle and developing the required braking effort on the rearmost wheels at the fastest rate; or means shall be provided for applying braking effort first on the rearmost trailer equipped with brakes; or both of the above means capable of being used alternatively may be employed.

6. Every such vehicle and combination of vehicles, except motorcycles, motor-driven cycles and mopeds, shall be equipped with parking brakes adequate to hold the vehicle on any grade on which it is operated, under all conditions of loading on a surface free from snow, ice or loose material. The parking brakes shall be capable of being applied in conformance with the foregoing requirements by the driver's muscular effort or by spring action or by equivalent means. Their operation may be assisted by the service brakes or other source of power provided that failure of the service brake actuation system or other power assisting mechanism will not prevent the parking brakes from being applied in conformance with the foregoing requirements. The parking brakes shall be so designed that when once applied they shall remain applied with the required effectiveness despite exhaustion of any source of energy or leakage of any kind.

7.The same brake drums, brake shoes and lining assemblies, brake shoe anchors and mechanical brake shoe actuation mechanism normally associated with the wheel brake assemblies may be used for both the service brakes and the parking brakes. If the means of applying the parking brakes and the service brakes are connected in any way, they shall be so constructed that a failure of any one part shall not leave the vehicle without operative brakes.

- 8. The brake shoes operating within or upon the drums on the vehicle wheels of any motor vehicle may be used for both service and hand operation.
- (b) <u>Performance Ability of Brakes.</u> Every motor vehicle or combination of motor-drawn vehicles shall be capable, at all times and under all conditions of loading, of being stopped on a

dry, smooth, level road free from loose material, upon application of the service (foot) brake, within the distances specified below, or shall be capable of being decelerated at a sustained rate corresponding to these distances:

Feet to stop Deceleration from 20 miles in feet per hour second

Vehicle or combinations of vehicles having brakes on all wheels 30 14

Vehicles or combinations of vehicles not having brakes on all wheels 40 10.7

(c) Maintenance of Brakes. All brakes shall be maintained in good working order and shall be so adjusted as to operate as equally as practicable with respect to the wheels on opposite sides of the vehicle. (WV Code 17C-15-31)

28.11.20 INSPECTION OF BRAKES ON MOTORCYCLES, MOTOR-DRIVEN CYCLES AND MOPEDS.

No person shall operate on any street or highway any motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped in the event the Commissioner of Highways has disapproved the brake equipment upon such vehicle or type of vehicle. (WV Code 17C-15-32)

28.11.21 HORN, SIREN AND THEFT ALARM SIGNAL.

- (a) Every motor vehicle when operated upon a street or highway shall be equipped with a horn in good working order and capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than 200 feet, but no horn or other warning device shall emit an unreasonably loud or harsh sound or a whistle. The driver of a motor vehicle shall when reasonably necessary to insure safe operation give audible warning with his horn but shall not otherwise use such horn when upon a street or highway.
- **(b)** No vehicle shall be equipped with nor shall any person use upon a vehicle any siren, whistle or bell, except as otherwise permitted in this section.

(c) It is permissible but not required that any commercial vehicle be equipped with a theft alarm signal device which is so arranged that it cannot be used by the driver as an ordinary warning signal.

(d) Any authorized emergency vehicle may be equipped with a siren, whistle or bell, capable of emitting sound audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than 500 feet and of a type approved by the Department of Motor Vehicles, but such siren shall not be used except when such vehicle is operated in response to an emergency or in the immediate pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law, in which such latter events the driver of such vehicle shall sound such siren when reasonably necessary to warn pedestrians and other drivers of the approach thereof. (WV Code 17C-15-33)

28.11.22 MUFFLER; MUFFLER CUTOUT; EXCESSIVE SMOKE, GAS OR NOISE.

- (a) No person shall drive or move on any street or highway within the City any motor vehicle, trailer, semitruck or pole trailer or any combination thereof, unless the equipment upon every such vehicle is in good working order and adjustment and the vehicle is in such safe mechanical condition as not to endanger the driver or other occupant or any person upon any street or highway within the City of Weston. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (b) Every motor vehicle shall at all times be equipped with a muffler in good working order and in constant operation to prevent excessive or unusual noise; such muffler shall be the muffler originally installed by the manufacturer of the vehicle or if a replacement, the equivalent thereof. No person shall use a muffler cutout, bypass, or similar device upon a motor vehicle on a street or highway within the City of Weston. The engine and power mechanisms of every motor vehicle shall be so equipped and adjusted as to prevent the

escape of excessive fumes or smoke. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

28.11.23 REAR-VIEW MIRROR.

Every motor vehicle which is so constructed or loaded as to obstruct the driver's view to the rear thereof from the driver's position shall be equipped with a mirror so located as to reflect to the driver a view of the street or highway for a distance of at least 200 feet to the rear of such vehicle. (WV Code 17C-15-35)

28.11.24 WINDSHIELD TO BE UNOBSTRUCTED; WINDSHIELD WIPER.

- (a) No person shall drive any motor vehicle with any sign, poster or other nontransparent material upon the front windshield, side wings or side or rear windows of such vehicle which obstructs the driver's clear view of the street or highway or any intersecting street or highway.
- **(b)** The windshield on every motor vehicle shall be equipped with a device for cleaning rain, snow or other moisture from the windshield, which device shall be so constructed as to be controlled or operated by the driver of the vehicle.
- (c) Every windshield wiper upon a motor vehicle shall be maintained in good working order.

 (WV Code 17C-15-36)
- (d) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

28.11.25 TIRE EQUIPMENT RESTRICTIONS.

(a) Every solid rubber tire on a vehicle shall have rubber on its entire traction surface at least one inch thick above the edge of the flange of the entire periphery.

(b) No person shall operate or move on any highway any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer having any metal tire in contact with the roadway.

- (c) No tire on a vehicle moved on a highway shall have on its periphery any block, stud, flange, cleat or spike or any other protuberance of any material other than rubber which projects beyond the tread of the traction surface of the tire, except that:
 - 1.It shall be permissible to use farm machinery with tires having protuberances which will not injure the street or highway;
 - 2.It shall be permissible to use tire chains of reasonable proportions upon any vehicle when required for safety because of snow, ice or other conditions tending to cause a vehicle to skid; and
 - 3.It shall be permissible to use studded tires during the period from November 1, of each year until April 15 of the following year. Provided that in the interest of highway maintenance, no vehicle moved on a street or highway, other than school buses, shall be equipped with studded tires which are operational with a recommended air pressure greater than forty pounds per square inch.
 - 4.No studded tires or chains shall be sold or used within the Municipality which do not meet the specifications established by the rules and regulations which the Commissioner of Highways shall promulgate.
- (d) Council may in its discretion issue special permits authorizing the operation upon the street or highway of traction engines or tractors having movable tracks with transverse corrugations upon the periphery of such movable tracks or farm tractors or other farm machinery, the operation of which upon a highway would otherwise be prohibited under this Traffic Code. (WV Code 17C-15-37)

28.11.26 SAFETY GLASS IN MOTOR VEHICLES.

- (a) On and after July 1, 1951, no person shall operate any motor vehicle as specified herein, nor shall any motor vehicle as specified herein be registered thereafter unless such vehicle is equipped with safety glass of a type approved by the Commissioner of Highways wherever glass is used in doors, windows and windshields. The foregoing provisions shall apply to all passenger-type motor vehicles, including passenger buses and school buses, but in respect to trucks, including truck tractors, the requirements as to safety glass shall apply to all glass used in doors, windows, and windshields in the drivers' compartments of such vehicles.
- **(b)** The term "safety glass" shall mean any product composed of glass, so manufactured, fabricated or treated as substantially to prevent shattering and flying of the glass when struck or broken, or such other or similar product as may be approved by the Commissioner. (WV Code 17C-15-38)

28.11.27 VEHICLES TRANSPORTING EXPLOSIVES.

Any person operating any vehicle transporting any explosive as a cargo or part of a cargo upon a street or highway shall at all times comply with the provisions of this section.

- (a) Such vehicle shall *be* marked or placarded on each side and the rear with the word "Explosives" in letters not less than eight inches high, or there shall be displayed on the rear of such vehicle a red flag not less than twenty-four inches square marked with the word "Danger" in white letters six inches high.
- (b) Every such vehicle shall be equipped with not less than two fire extinguishers, filled and ready for immediate use and placed at a convenient point on the vehicle so used. (WV Code 17C-15-41)

28.11.28 TELEVISION RECEIVER IN DRIVER'S VIEW PROHIBITED.

No motor vehicle shall be operated on any street or highway in this Municipality when equipped with a television receiver unless such receiver is so placed that the screen or picture tube of such receiver is visible only in the rear seat of such motor vehicle and not in view of the operator of such motor vehicle. (WV Code 17C-15-42)

28.11.29 SAFETY EQUIPMENT FOR MOTORCYCLISTS, MOTORCYCLES, MOTOR-DRIVEN CYCLES AND MOPEDS.

- (a) No person shall operate or be a passenger on any motorcycle or motor-driven cycle unless he is wearing securely fastened on his head by either a neck or chin strap a protective helmet designed to deflect blows, resist penetration and spread impact forces. Any helmet worn by an operator or passenger shall meet the current performance specifications established by the American National Standards Institute Standard, Z 90.1, the United States Department of Transportation Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 218 or Snell Safety Standards for Protective Headgear for Vehicle Users.
- (b) No person shall operate or be a passenger on any motorcycle or motor-driven cycle unless he is wearing safety, shatter-resistant eyeglasses (excluding contact lenses), or eyegoggles or face shield that complies with the performance specifications established by the American National Standards Institute for Head, Eye and Respiratory Protection, Z 2.1. In addition, if any motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped is equipped with a windshield or windscreen, the windshield or windscreen shall be constructed of safety, shatter-resistant material that complies with the performance specifications established by Department of Transportation Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 205 and American National Standards Institute, Safety Glazing Materials for Glazing Motor

- Vehicles Operated on Land Highways, Standard Z 26.1.
- (c) No person shall operate a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped on which the handlebars or grips are more than fifteen inches higher than the uppermost part of the operator's seat when the seat is not depressed in any manner.
- (d) A person operating a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped shall ride in a seated position facing forward and only upon a permanent operator's seat attached to the vehicle. No operator shall carry any other person nor shall any other person ride on such a vehicle unless the vehicle is designed to carry more than one person, in which event a passenger may ride behind the operator upon the permanent operator's seat if it is designed for two persons, or upon another seat firmly attached to the vehicle to the rear of the operator's seat and equipped with footrests designed and located for use by the passenger or in a sidecar firmly attached to the vehicle. No person shall ride sidesaddle on a seat. An operator may carry as many passengers as there are seats and footrests to accommodate those passengers. Additional passengers may be carried in a factory produced side car provided that there is one passenger per seat. Passengers riding in a sidecar shall be restrained by safety belts.

(e) Every motorcycle, motor-driven cycle and moped shall be equipped with a rearview mirror affixed to the handlebars or fairings and adjusted so that the operator shall have a clear view of the road and condition of traffic behind him for a distance of at least 200 feet. (WV Code 17C-15-44)

28.11.30 CERTIFICATION LABELS ON MOPEDS.

Every moped sold in this Municipality shall have permanently affixed to it a

1821	certification label which s	shall contain the following information:
1822	2.	Name of manufacturer;
1823	3.	Month and year of manufacture;
1824	4.	Gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR);
1825	5.	Gross axle weight rating for front and rear axles (GAWR);
1826	6.	Vehicle identification number;
1827	7.	Classification type; and
1828	8.	Statement of, conformance to Federal standards as required by Federal
1829		law. (WV Code 17C-15-45)
1830	28.11.31 CHILD PASSE	ENGER SAFETY DEVICES REQUIRED; CHILD SAFETY
1831	SEATS AND B	OOSTER SEATS.
1832	Every driv	er who transports a child under the age of eight years in a passenger
1833	automobile, van or pickup	p truck other than one operated for hire shall, while the motor vehicle is
1834	in motion and operated or	n a street or highway, provide for the protection of the child by properly
1835	placing, maintaining and	securing the child in a child passenger safety device system meeting
1836	applicable federal motor	vehicle safety standards; provided, that if a child is under the age of
1837	eight years and at least fo	ur feet nine inches tall, a safety belt shall be sufficient to meet the
1838	requirements of this section	on.
1839	(a) Any person who v	violates any provision of this section shall be fined not less than ten
1840	dollars (\$10.00) n	or more than twenty dollars (\$20.00).
1841	(b) A violation of this	s section does not by virtue of the violation constitute evidence of
1842	negligence or con	tributory negligence or comparative negligence in any civil action or

proceeding for damages.

- (c) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity may not affect other provisions or applications of this section and to this end the subsections of this section are declared to be severable.
- (d) If all seat belts in a vehicle are being used at the time of examination by a law officer and the vehicle contains more passengers than the total number of seat belts or other safety devices as installed in compliance with federal motor vehicle safety standards, the driver may not be considered in violation of this section. (WV Code 17C-15-46)

28.11.32 ALTERATION OF SUSPENSION SYSTEM.

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(a) No person shall operate upon a public street or highway any motor vehicle registered or required to be registered in this State if it has been modified by alteration of its bumper mounting on the frame more than four inches from the lower edge of the original manufactured bumper configuration for that vehicle. The bumper must be at least three inches in vertical width, centered on the center line of the motor vehicle and not less than the width of the wheel track distance. The maximum distance between the vehicle body to the vehicle frame shall not exceed three inches The distance from the vehicle body to the vehicle frame shall be measured from the vehicle body mount seat to the vehicle frame mount seat. No vehicle shall be modified to cause the vehicle body or chassis to come in contact with the ground, expose the fuel tank to damage from collision, or cause the wheels to come in contact with the body under normal operation. No part of the original suspension system shall be disconnected to defeat the safe operation of the suspension system. Front end suspension by the use of lift blocks is expressly prohibited. However, nothing contained in this section prevents the installation of heavy-duty equipment, including shock absorbers and overload springs. Nothing contained in this

section prohibits the operation on a public street or highway of a motor vehicle with normal wear to the suspension system if such normal wear does not adversely affect the control of the vehicle.

- (b) No person shall operate upon a public street or highway any motor vehicle registered in this State if it has been modified by alteration of its altitude from the ground to the extent that its bumpers, measured to any point on the lower edge of the main horizontal bumper bar, exclusive of any bumper guards, do not fall within the limits specified herein for its gross vehicle weight rating category. The front and rear bumper height of trucks whose gross vehicle weight rating is 10,000 pounds or less may be no less than six inches and no more than thirty-one inches. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating in excess of 10,000 pounds. For the purpose of this section, the term "gross vehicle weight ratings" means manufacturer's gross vehicle weight ratings established for that vehicle.
- (c) In the absence of bumpers, and in cases where bumper heights have been lowered or modified more than four inches, height measurements under subsection (a) or (b) shall be made to the bottom of the frame rail.
- (d) This section does not apply to specially designed or modified motor vehicles when operated off the public streets or highways in races and similar events. Such motor vehicles may be lawfully towed on the highways of this State.
- (e) No person shall operate upon a public street or highway any motor vehicle registered or required to be registered in this State if it has been modified by alteration as set out in the provisions of this section unless the tires on the altered motor vehicle meet specifications approved by the United States Department of Transportation. In addition, neither the

motor vehicle nor the chassis shall come in contact with the tires under normal operation.

(f) Modified vehicles must have a special inspection sticker which must be inspected by July 31, 1990. The Police Department shall record on accident report forms whether a modified vehicle was involved in the accident. (WV Code 17C-15-48)

28.11.33 SUN SCREENING DEVICES.

- (a) No person may operate a motor vehicle that is registered or required to be registered in the State on any public highway, road or street that has a sun screening device on the windshield, the front side wings and side windows adjacent to the right and left of the driver and windows adjacent to the rear of the driver that do not meet the requirements of this section. Provided, that law-enforcement K-9 and other emergency vehicles that are designed to haul animals are exempt from this requirement.
- (b) A sun screening device when used in conjunction with the windshield must be nonreflective and may not be red, yellow or amber in color. A sun screening device may be used only along the top of the windshield and may not extend downward beyond the ASI line or more than five inches from' the top of the windshield whichever is closer to the top of the windshield.
- (c) A sun screening device when used in conjunction with the automotive safety glazing materials of the side wings or side windows located at the immediate right and left of the driver shall be a nonreflective type with reflectivity of not more than twenty percent (20 %) and have a light transmission of not less than thirty-five percent (35 %). The side windows behind the driver and the rear most windows may have a sun screening device that is designed to be used on automotive safety glazing materials that has a light transmission of not less than thirty-five percent (35 %) and a reflectivity of not more than

twenty percent (20%). If a sun screening device is used on glazing behind the driver, one right and one left outside rear view mirror is required.

(d) Each manufacturer shall:

- 1. Certify to the State Police and Division of Motor Vehicles that a sun screening device used by it is in compliance with the reflectivity and transmittance requirements of this section;
- 2. Provide a label not to exceed one and one-half square inches in size, with a means for the permanent and legible installations between the sun screening material and each glazing surface to which it is applied that contains the manufacturer's name and its percentage of light transmission; and
- 3. Include instructions with the product or material for proper installation, including the affixing of the label specified in this section. The labeling or marking must be placed in the left lower corner of each glazing surface when facing the vehicle from the outside.

(e) No person shall:

- 1. Offer for sale or for use any sun screening product or material for motor vehicle use not in compliance with this section; or
- 2. Install any sun screening product or material on vehicles intended for use on public roads without permanently affixing the label specified in this section.
- (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to a motor vehicle registered in this State in the name of a person, or the person's legal guardian, who has an affidavit signed by a physician or an optometrist licensed to practice in this State that states that the person has a physical condition that makes it necessary to equip the motor vehicle with sun screening material which

would be of a light transmittance or luminous reflectance in violation of this section. The affidavit must be in the possession of the person so afflicted, or the person's legal guardian, at all times while being transported in the motor vehicle.

- (g) The light transmittance requirement of this section does not apply to windows behind the driver on trucks, buses, trailers, mobile homes and multipurpose passenger vehicles.
 - (h) As used in this section:

- "Bus" means a motor vehicle with motive power, except a trailer, designed for carrying more than ten persons.
- "Light transmission" means the ratio of the amount of total light to pass through a product or material to the amount of the total light falling on the product or material.
- "Luminous reflectants" means the ratio of the amount of total light that is reflected outward by the product or material to the amount of the total light falling on the product or materials.
- "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the manufacturing or assembling of sun screening products or materials designed to be used in conjunction with vehicle glazing materials for the purpose of reducing the effects of the sun.
- "Motor homes" means vehicular units designed to provide temporary living quarters built into and an integral part of or permanently attached to a self-propelled motor vehicle chassis.
- "Multipurpose passenger vehicle" means a motor vehicle with motive power, except a trailer, designed to carry ten persons or less which is constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional offroad operation.

"Nonreflective" means a product or material designed to absorb light rather than to reflect it.

"Passenger car" means a motor vehicle with motive power, except a multipurpose passenger vehicle, motorcycle or trailer, designed for carrying ten persons or less.

"Sun screening device" means film material or device that is designed to be used in conjunction with motor vehicle safety glazing materials for reducing the effects of the sun. "Truck" means a motor vehicle with motive power, except a trailer, designed primarily for the transportation of property or special purpose equipment. (WV Code 17C-15-36a)

28.11.34 OPERATION OF VEHICLES WITH SAFETY BELTS.

- (a) A person shall not operate a passenger vehicle on a public street or highway unless the person, any passenger in the back seat under eighteen years of age, and any passenger in the front seat of such passenger vehicle is restrained by a safety belt meeting applicable federal motor vehicle safety standards. For the purposes of this section, "passenger vehicle" means a motor vehicle which is designed for transporting ten passengers or less, including the driver, except that such term does not include a motorcycle, a trailer or any motor vehicle which is not required on the date of the enactment of this section under a federal motor vehicle safety standard to be equipped with a belt system. The provisions of this section shall apply to all passenger vehicles manufactured after the first day of January, 1967, and being 1968 models and newer.
- (b) The required use of safety belts as provided herein does not apply to a duly appointed or contracted rural mail carrier of the United States Postal Service who is actually making mail deliveries or to a passenger or operator with a physically disabling condition whose physical disability would prevent appropriate restraint in such safety belt if the condition

is duly certified by a physician who shall state the nature of the disability as well as the reason such restraint is inappropriate.

- (c) A violation of this section is not admissible as evidence of negligence or contributory negligence or comparative negligence in any civil action or proceeding for damages, and shall not be admissible in mitigation of damages: provided, that the court may, upon motion of the defendant, conduct an in camera hearing to determine whether an injured party's failure to wear a safety belt was a proximate cause of the injuries complained of. Upon such a finding by the court, the court may then, in a jury trial, by special interrogatory to the jury, determine (1) that the injured party failed to wear a safety belt, and (2) that the failure to wear the safety belt constituted a failure to mitigate damages. The trier of fact may reduce the injured party's recovery for medical damages by an amount not to exceed five percent (5%) thereof. In the event the plaintiff stipulates to the reduction of five percent (5%) of medical damages, the court shall make the calculations and the issue of mitigation of damages for failure to wear a safety belt shall not be presented to the jury. In all cases, the actual computation of the dollar amount reduction shall be determined by the court.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, no points may be entered on any driver's record maintained by the Division of Motor Vehicles as a result of a violation of this section.
- (e) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to abrogate or alter the provisions of Section 111.31 relating to the mandatory use of child passenger safety devices. (WV Code 17C-15-49)
- (f) Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be fined not more than

twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). No court costs or other fees shall be assessed for a violation of this section. Enforcement of this section shall be accomplished only as a secondary action when a driver of a passenger vehicle has been detained for probable cause of violating another section of this code.

111.36 USE OF ENGINE COMPRESSION BRAKES PROHIBITED.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for the driver of any vehicle to use or operate or cause to be used or operated within the corporate City limits of the City of Weston, any engine brake, compression brake or mechanical exhaust device designed in the aid of braking or decelerating of any vehicle that results in excessive, loud, unusual, or explosive noise from such vehicle on any public ways, including, but not limited to, streets, alleys, easements, and right-of-ways, established for vehicle operation, except when necessary for the protection of persons and/or property which cannot be avoided by application of an alternative braking system. Noise caused by the application of engine compression brakes which is effectively muffled or if the application is necessary for the health, safety, and welfare of the City is exempt from the provisions of this section. Noise created by emergency equipment for emergency purposes is also exempt.
- (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter, shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

28.11.99 PENALTY.

(a) General Article Penalty. Unless otherwise provided for in this article, any person violating any provision of this article shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars

2027	(\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter, shall be fined not more		
2028	than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be		
2029	fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).		
2030	(b) <u>Brak</u>	xes. Any person violating Sections 28.11.19 or 28.11.20 shall be fined not more than	
2031	one	hunched dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter, shall	
2032	be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) and upon a third or subsequent		
2033	conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (WV Code 17C-		
2034	15-6)		
2035	(c) <u>Sunscreening Devices.</u> Whoever violates Section 28.11.33 shall be fined not more than		
2036	two hundred dollars (\$200.00). (WV Code 17C-15-36a)		
2037		ARTICLE 12	
2038		SIZE, WEIGHT AND LOAD	
2039	28.12.1	Oversize or Overweight Vehicles	
2040	28.12.2	Projecting Loads on Passenger Vehicles	
2041	28.12.3	Maximum Width, Height and Length	
2042	28.12.4	Loads Dropping or Leaking	
2043	28.12.5	Towing Requirements	
2044			
2045	28.12.1 O	VERSIZE OR OVERWEIGHT VEHICLES.	
2046	(a) <u>Use of State Route.</u> No person shall operate or move a vehicle or combination of		
2047	vehicles of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum specified in West		
2048	Virginia Code Article 17C-17 upon any State route within the Municipality, except		

pursuant to special written permit issued by the Commissioner of Highways, or upon any

local truck route. Every such permit shall be carried in the vehicle or combination of vehicles to which it refers and shall be open to inspection by any police officer.

- (b) No holder of a permit issued by the Commissioner of Highways shall be required to obtain any local permit or license or pay any local fee or charge for movement on any State route within the Municipality; however, it shall be unlawful to operate any such vehicle or combination of vehicles upon any roadway within the Municipality which is not a State route, except as provided in subsection (c) hereof.
- (c) <u>Use of Local Streets.</u> No person shall operate a vehicle exceeding a size as specified in Section 112.03 or exceeding a gross weight of five tons, upon any street in the Municipality other than a State route, except those local streets designated as a truck route and marked as such by appropriate traffic signs, and except when such operation is necessary to load or unload property, to go to or from the usual place of storage of such vehicle or to perform any other legitimate business or act other than passage through the Municipality. Operators of vehicles so deviating from either a State route or a designated truck route within the Municipality shall confine such deviation to that required in order to accomplish the purpose of the departure.
- (d) <u>Local Permit and Conditions.</u> Upon application and for good cause, the Police Chief may issue a local permit authorizing an applicant to move an oversize or overweight vehicle or combination of vehicles upon local streets.

No permittee shall be required to obtain a special permit from the Commissioner of Highways for the movement of the vehicle or combination of vehicles on streets or highways under local jurisdiction; however, the approval of the Commissioner of Highways shall be required for movement upon State routes as provided in subsection (a) hereof.

The Police Chief may grant a permit for a single or round trip, or for such period of time, not to exceed one year, as the Police Chief in his discretion deems advisable, or for the duration of any construction project. The Police Chief may limit or prescribe terms or conditions of operation for such vehicle or combination of vehicles by designating the route, hours, speed or such other restrictions as may be necessary for the preservation of the public peace, property, health and safety. The Police Chief may require the posting of bond or other security necessary to compensate for any damage to a roadway or road structure.

For each such permit, the Police Chief shall charge five dollars (\$5.00), and for each hour of time or any part thereof spent by each police officer in supervising the movement of such vehicle, the applicant shall pay the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00).

Signs shall be posted indicating "no thru trucks - gross weight 5 tons" or words of similar import to apprise drivers of the limitations imposed by this section. No driver shall disobey the instructions indicated on any such sign.

Violation of any of the limitations, terms or conditions of the permit granted by the Police Chief shall be cause for immediate revocation or suspension of such permit, and denial of request for any future permit. Such violation shall also subject the violator to the penalty prescribed by Section 28.2.99.

28.12.2 PROJECTING LOADS ON PASSENGER VEHICLES.

- (a) No passenger-type vehicle shall be operated on any street or highway with any load carried thereon extending beyond the line of the fenders of the left side of such vehicle nor extending more than six inches beyond the line of the fenders on the right side thereof.
- (b) A motor home, travel trailer or truck camper may exceed the maximum width prescribed

in Section 28.12.3, if the excess width is attributable to an appurtenance that does not exceed more than six inches beyond the body of the vehicle. (WV Code 17C-17-3)

28.12.3 MAXIMUM WIDTH, HEIGHT AND LENGTH.

- (a) A vehicle, including any load thereon, may not exceed a height of thirteen feet six inches, but the owner or owners of such vehicles shall be responsible for damage to any bridge or highway structure and to municipalities for any damage to traffic control devices or other highway structures where such bridges, devices or structures have a vehicle clearance of less than thirteen feet six inches.
- **(b)** A motor vehicle, including any load thereon, may not exceed a length of forty feet extreme overall dimension, inclusive of front and rear bumpers, except that a motor home and school bus may not exceed a length of forty-five feet, exclusive of front and rear bumpers.
- (c) Except as hereinafter provided in this subsection or in subsection (d) of this section, a combination of vehicles coupled together may not consist of more than two units and no combination of vehicles including any load thereon shall have an overall length, inclusive of front and rear bumpers, in excess of fifty-five feet except as provided in West Virginia Code 17C-17-11b, and except as otherwise provided in respect to the use of a pole trailer as authorized in West Virginia Code 17C-17-5. The limitation that a combination of vehicles coupled together may not consist of more than two units may not apply to:
 - 1. A combination of vehicles coupled together by a saddle-mount device used to transport motor vehicles in a drive-away service when no more than three saddle mounts are used, if equipment used in the combination meets the requirements of the

safety regulations of the United States Department of Transportation and may not exceed an overall length of more than seventy-five feet; or

- A combination of vehicles coupled together, one of which is a travel trailer or folding camping trailer having an overall length, exclusive of front and rear bumpers, not exceeding sixty-five feet.
- 3. A combination of two vehicles coupled together, one of which is a motor home, or a combination of vehicles coupled together, one of which is a travel trailer or folding camping trailer, may not exceed an overall length, exclusive of front and rear bumpers of sixty-five feet.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this section, the Commissioner of Highways may designate, upon his or her own motion or upon the petition of an interested party, a combination vehicle length not to exceed seventy feet.
- 5. The length limitations for truck tractor-semitrailer combinations and truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combinations operating on the national system of interstate and defense highways and those classes of qualifying federal-aid primary system highways so designated by the United States Secretary of Transportation and those highways providing reasonable access to and from terminals, facilities for food, fuel, repairs and rest and points of loading and unloading for household goods carriers from such highways and further, as to other highways so designated by the West Virginia Commissioner of Highways, shall be as follows: the maximum length of a semitrailer unit operating in a truck tractor-semitrailer combination shall not exceed forty-eight feet in length except where semitrailers have an axle spacing of not more

than thirty-seven feet between the rear axle of the truck tractor and the front axle of the semitrailer, such semitrailer shall be allowed to be not more than fifty-three feet in length and the maximum length of any semitrailer or trailer operating in a truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination may not exceed twenty-eight feet in length and in no event shall any combinations exceed three units, including the truck tractor: provided, that no bing herein contained shall impose an overall length limitation as to commercial motor vehicles operating in truck tractor-semitrailer or truck tractor-semitrailer combinations. (WV Code 17C-17-4)

- 6. The total outside width, exclusive of safety equipment authorized by the United States Department of Transportation, of any vehicle or the load thereon may not exceed ninety-six inches, except as otherwise provided in West Virginia Code Article 17C-17: provided, that any vehicle with a total outside width of 102 inches, exclusive of safety equipment authorized by the United States Department of Transportation, may be operated on any street or highway designated by the United States Department of Transportation or the Commissioner of the Department of Highways or on any street or highway having a minimum lane width of ten feet.
- 7. Motor homes, travel trailers, truck campers, and motor buses with a total outside width of 102 inches, excluding safety equipment authorized by the United States Department of Transportation may operate on any street or highway. (WV Code 17C-17-2)

28.12.4 LOADS DROPPING OR LEAKING.

(a) No vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be operated on any street or highway unless such vehicle or combination of vehicles is so constructed or loaded as to prevent any of

2164 its load from dropping, sifting, leaking, or otherwise escaping therefrom, except that sand 2165 may be dropped for the purpose of securing traction, or water or other substance may be sprinkled on a roadway in cleaning or maintaining such roadway. 2166 2167 (b) No person shall operate on any street or highway any vehicle or combination of vehicles 2168 with any load unless such load and any covering thereon is securely fastened so as to 2169 prevent such covering or load from becoming loose, detached or in any manner a hazard 2170 to other users of the street or highway. (WV Code 17C-17-6) 2171 28.12.5 TOWING REQUIREMENTS. 2172 (a) When one vehicle is towing another the drawbar or other connection shall be of sufficient 2173 strength to pull all weight towed thereby and such drawbar or other connection shall not 2174 exceed fifteen feet from one vehicle to the other except the connection between any two 2175 vehicles transporting poles, pipe, machinery or other objects of structural nature which 2176 cannot readily be dismembered. 2177 (b) When one vehicle is towing another and the connection consists of a chain, rope or cable, 2178 there shall be displayed upon such connection a white flag or cloth not less than twelve inches square. (WV Code 17C-17-7) 2179 2180 **ARTICLE 13** 2181 **Miscellaneous Rules** Unattended Motor Vehicle 2182 28.13.1 2183 28.13.2 Backing a Vehicle 2184 28.13.3 Driver's View and Control to be Unobstructed by Load or Persons 2185 28.13.4 Passengers In Seat with Operator

Passengers on Running Board

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2204	28.13.99	Penalty

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28.13.1 UNATTENDED MOTOR VEHICLE.

No person driving or in charge of a motor vehicle shall permit it to set unattended on public, commercial or private property, without first stopping the engine, locking the ignition, removing the key, and effectively setting the brake thereon and, when standing upon any grade, turning the front wheels to the side, such as to the curb or side of a street or highway. A "written warning" shall be given for the first offense on private property, but no such written warning is required for violations on public or commercial property.

28.13.2 BACKING A VEHICLE.

The driver of a vehicle shall not back the same unless such movement can be made with reasonable safety and without interfering with other traffic. (WV Code 17C-14-2)

28.13.3 DRIVERS' VIEW AND CONTROL TO BE UNOBSTRUCTED BY LOAD OR

PERSONS.

- (a) No person shall drive a vehicle when it is so loaded *as* to obstruct the view of the driver to the front or sides of the vehicle or as to interfere with the driver's control over the driving mechanism of the vehicle.
- **(b)** No passenger in a vehicle shall ride in such position as to interfere with the driver's view ahead or to the sides, or to interfere with his or her control over the driving mechanism of the vehicle. (WV Code 17C-14-4)

28.13.4 PASSENGERS IN SEAT WITH OPERATOR.

No more than three persons including the operator shall ride or be permitted by such operator to ride in the seat with the operator of any motor vehicle while such motor vehicle is being operated on the streets or highways of this Municipality: provided, however, that the limitation of this section shall not apply to a truck cab or truck crew compartment properly designed for the occupancy of four persons including the operator, and so designated on the registration card by the Division of Motor Vehicles. (WV Code 17C-14-5)

28.13.5 PASSENGERS ON RUNNING BOARD.

No passenger shall ride nor shall the operator permit any passenger to ride on the

running boards **of** any motor vehicle while such vehicle is being operated on the streets or highways of this Municipality. (WV Code 17C-14-6)

28.13.6 FOLLOWING AUTHORIZED EMERGENCY VEHICLES.

The driver of any vehicle, other than one on official business may not follow any authorized emergency vehicle traveling in response to a fire alarm or other emergency closer than 500 feet or drive into or park such vehicle within the block where such authorized emergency vehicle has stopped in answer to a fire alarm or other emergency. (WV Code 17C-14-9)

28.13.7 APPROACHING AUTHORIZED EMERGENCY VEHICLES.

The driver of any vehicle approaching a stationary authorized emergency vehicle, when the authorized emergency vehicle is giving a signal by displaying alternately flashing red, red and white, blue, or red and blue lights or amber or yellow warning lights, shall:

- (a) Proceed with due caution, yield the right-of-way by making a lane change not adjacent to that of the authorized emergency vehicle, if possible with regard to safety and traffic conditions, if on a highway having at least four lanes with not less than two lanes proceeding in the same direction as the approaching vehicle and reduce speed to a safe level for road conditions; or
- (b) Proceed with due caution, reduce the speed of the vehicle, maintaining a safe speed not to exceed fifteen miles per hour on any nondivided highway or street and twenty-five miles per hour on any divided highway depending on road conditions, if changing lanes would be impossible or unsafe. (WV Code 17C-14-9a)

28.13.8 DRIVING OVER FIRE HOSE.

No vehicle shall be driven over any unprotected hose of the Fire Department

when laid down on any street or private driveway to be used at any fire or alarm of fire, without the consent of the Fire Department official in command. (WV Code 17C-14-10)

28.13.9 OPENING DOOR OF VEHICLE ON TRAFFIC SIDE.

No person shall open the door of a motor vehicle on the side available to moving traffic unless and until it is reasonably safe to do so, nor shall any person leave a door open on the side of a motor vehicle available to moving traffic for a period of time longer than is necessary to load or unload passengers.

28.13.10 BOARDING OR ALIGHTING FROM VEHICLE.

No person shall board or alight from any vehicle while such vehicle is in motion.

28.13.11 UNLAWFUL RIDING.

No person shall ride on any vehicle upon any portion thereof not designated or intended for the use of passengers when the vehicle is in motion. This provision shall not apply to an employee engaged in the necessary discharge of a duty or to persons riding within truck bodies in space intended for merchandise.

28.13.12 SQUEALING TIRES, CRACKING EXHAUST NOISES.

No person shall unnecessarily race the motor of any vehicle and no person shall operate any motor vehicle, except in an emergency, in such a manner that the vehicle is so rapidly accelerated or started from a stopped position that the exhaust system emits a loud, cracking or chattering noise unusual to its normal operation, or whereby the tires of such vehicle squeal or leave tire marks on the roadway, commonly called "peeling".

28.13.13 TAKING, INJURING OR TAMPERING WITH VEHICLE.

(a) No person shall drive a vehicle, not his own, without consent of the owner thereof, and with intent temporarily to deprive such owner of his possession of such vehicle, but

without intent to steal the vehicle. The consent of the owner of a vehicle to its taking or driving shall not in any case be presumed or implied because of such owner's consent on a previous occasion to the taking or driving of such vehicle by the same or a different person. Any person who assists in, or is a party or accessory to or an accomplice in any such unauthorized taking or driving, shall also be guilty of a violation of this section.

(WV Code 17A-8-4)

- **(b)** No person either individually or in association with one or more persons shall willfully injure or tamper with any vehicle or break or remove any part or parts of or from a vehicle without the consent, of the owner.
- (c) No person with intent to commit any malicious mischief, injury or other crime shall climb into or upon a vehicle whether it is in motion or at rest or with like intent attempt to manipulate any of the levers, starting mechanism, brakes or other mechanism or device of a vehicle while the same is at rest and unattended or with like intent set in motion any vehicle while the same is at rest and unattended. (WV Code 17A-8-6)

28.13.14 DRIVING UPON SIDEWALK, STREET LAWN OR CURB.

- (a) No person shall drive any vehicle, other than a bicycle, upon a sidewalk or sidewalk area except upon a permanent or duly authorized temporary driveway.
- **(b)** No person shall drive a vehicle on a street lawn area or the curb of a street, except upon a permanent or duly authorized temporary driveway or when otherwise lawfully authorized.

28.13.15 SHORTCUTTING; AVOIDING TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES; PENALTY.

(a) No driver shall leave the roadway and enter upon a public or private lot, street or any other property to avoid a traffic control device.

(b) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

28.13.16 COASTING PROHIBITED.

The operator of any motor vehicle when traveling on a down grade on any street, alley or highway shall not coast with the gears of such vehicle in neutral.

28.13.17 DRIVING THROUGH SAFETY ZONE.

No operator of a vehicle shall drive the same over or through a safety zone.

28.13.18 DRIVING UPON STREET POSTED AS CLOSED FOR REPAIR.

No person shall drive upon, along or across a street or highway, or any part thereof, which has been closed in the process of its construction, reconstruction or repair, and posted with appropriate signs by the authority having jurisdiction to close such street or highway.

28.13.19 OBSTRUCTION OF TRAFFIC.

No person shall operate, stop, stand or park any motor vehicle on any street or alley within the Municipality so as to obstruct or hinder the free flow of motor vehicle traffic except in compliance with a lawful order of a police officer or in compliance with a traffic control sign, signal or marking.

28.13.20 VEHICLE SECURITY.

Every owner or registrant of a motor vehicle shall maintain security upon such vehicle as required by West. Virginia Code Article 17D-2A, and no person shall knowingly drive or operate on any street within the Municipality any motor vehicle upon which security is required by such Article unless the security is provided, and violation of any of the provisions of West Virginia Code Article 17D-2A including failure to have a certificate of insurance, if

2325 required, shall constitute a violation under this section. 2326 28.13.21 VEHICLE REGULATIONS ON PARK PROPERTY. 2327 (a) As used in this section, "Board" means the City of Weston Park and Recreation Board 2328 and "vehicle" means any automobile, motorcycle, bicycle or any other form of 2329 mechanical transportation. 2330 **(b)** No person shall drive or propel or cause to be driven or propelled along or over any 2331 roadway or other property under the supervision of the Board at a greater rate of speed 2332 than fifteen miles per hour. 2333 (c) No vehicle shall be parked or stopped on any roadway or on any other property within 2334 park areas under the supervision of the Board, except as designated parking areas. No 2335 vehicle shall be parked or stopped on unpaved areas within the park areas or on areas of 2336 the roadway designated for travel of vehicles or on paved areas not designated for 2337 parking, except on occasion when such area is specifically designated as a parking or 2338 driving area, whichever applies, by the Board or the City. 2339 (d) No person shall cause a vehicle to enter the Lambert Park area through the western 2340 roadway off Woodbury Avenue in the City. All vehicular traffic must enter such area 2341 through the eastern roadway off Woodbury Avenue and signs shall be erected by the City 2342 indicating proper exist and entrance roadways. 2343 28.13.22 MOTORIZED SCOOTERS; PENALTY. 2344

- (a) <u>Definitions:</u> "Motorized Scooters" means a scooter that is powered by a gasoline or electric motor.
- 2346 **(b)** Prohibited Acts: Exemptions.

- 1. The riding, operation, or other use of motorized scooters for transportation or recreational purposes, within or upon the streets, alleys, sidewalks, parking lots, and other property owned, leased, or controlled by the City of Weston and any of its boards, authorities, or commissions is prohibited, unless the person using such motorized scooter has a valid drivers license under the provisions of the West Virginia Code.
- 2. It shall not be an offense for a motorized scooter to be operated upon a designated parade route, when such person is a duly registered and recognized participant in any properly permitted parade, provided that such operation occurs in conjunction with said parade.
- 3. The Federal Government, the State of West Virginia, and the City of Weston are exempt from the provisions of this article.
- 4. The provisions of this section does not apply to an Electric Personal Assistive Mobility Device as defined in Section 117.09 of the Weston City Code and as operated by a mobility impaired person as defined in Section 361.06(a)(1) of the Weston City Code.
- Any licensed driver permitted to operate a motorized scooter, under subsection (a)
 hereof, shall comply with the required safety equipment set forth in Section
 111.29 of the Weston City Code.

(c) Penalty:

1. Any violation shall constitute the commission of a misdemeanor criminal offense, and any officer of the police department of the City or any officer of any other police agency, exercising proper jurisdiction within the corporate limits of the City of Weston is hereby

authorized and empowered to issue a citation and to charge any such person who commits a violation.

2. Any person convicted of a first offense shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00). Any person convicted of a second or further offense shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). The parent or other guardian of any person violating the provisions of this article when such person shall not have attained the age of eighteen years shall not authorize or knowingly permit any such minor to violate any provision of this article. Any such authorization or if such parent or other guardian shall knowingly permit any such minor to violate the provisions of this article shall constitute a criminal violation and shall subject such parent or guardian to the criminal penalties set forth in this article. The citing and conviction of any parent or guardian shall not prohibit the citing and conviction of the operator of such motorized scooter.

28.13.99 PENALTY.

- (a) General Article Penalty. Whoever violates any provision of this article for which no other penalty is provided shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction within one year thereafter shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon a third or subsequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
- (b) <u>Taking, Injuring or Tampering with Vehicle.</u> Whoever violates Section 113.13 shall, for a first offense, be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00. (WV Code 17A-11-1)
- (c) <u>Vehicle Security.</u> Whoever violates Section 113.20 shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) or more <u>than</u> five thousand dollars (\$5,000). (WV Code 17D-

2393	2A-9)	
2394		ARTICLE 14
2395		License, Registration and Inspection
2396	28.14.1	Registration, Certificate of Title Required
2397	28.14.2	Registration Card
2398	28.14.3	Display of Registration Plates
2399	28.14.4	Operation of Vehicle without Evidence of Registration; Use of Temporary
2400		Facsimile
2401	28.14.5	Improper Use of Registration Card, Plate or Permit
2402	28.14.6	Driver or Motorcycle License Required
2403	28.14.7	Persons Exempt from License
2404	28.14.8	License to be Carried and Exhibited on Demand
2405	28.14.9	Certain Acts Prohibited
2406	28.14.10	Driving Under Suspension or Revocation
2407	28.14.11	Owner or Operator Allowing Another to Drive
2408	28.14.12	Certificated of Inspection and Approval (MVI)
2409	28.14.99	Penalty
2410		
2411	28.14.1 REGISTR	ATION, CERTIFICATE OF TITLE REQUIRED.
2412	No pe	erson shall drive or move and no owner shall knowingly permit to be driven
2413	or moved upon any	street or highway any vehicle of a type required to be registered under West

Virginia Code Chapter 17-A which is not registered or for which a certificate of title has not been

issued or applied for or for which the appropriate fee has not been paid when and as required,

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except as otherwise permitted by the provisions therein: provided, that in the event of the sale of a vehicle by a person other than a registered dealer, the person purchasing the same may, for a period of not more than ten days, operate such vehicle under the registration of its previous owner and display the registration thereof: provided further that he shall have and display on the demand of any proper officer the consent in writing of such previous owner so to use such registration. (WV Code 17A-3-1)

28.14.2 REGISTRATION CARD.

Every owner upon receipt of a registration card shall write his signature thereon with pen and ink in the space provided. Every such registration card shall at all times be carried in the vehicle to which it refers or shall be carried by the person driving or in control of such vehicle who shall display the same upon demand of a police officer or any officer or employee of the Department of Motor Vehicles. (WV Code 17A-3-13)

28.14.3 DISPLAY OF REGISTRATION PLATES.

- (a) Registration plates issued for vehicles required to be registered shall be attached to the rear thereof except that on truck tractors and road tractors designed and constructed to pull trailers or semi-trailers, the registration plate shall be mounted to the front.
- (b) Every registration plate shall at all times be securely fastened in a horizontal position to the vehicle for which it is issued so as to prevent the plate from swinging and at a height of not less than twelve inches from the ground, measuring from the bottom of such plate, in a place and position to be clearly visible and shall be maintained free from foreign materials and in a condition to be clearly legible.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, an owner of a motor vehicle with a Class G registration as defined in West Virginia Code 17A-10-1 may

2439	choose to:	
2440	6. Display a standard, Class G registration plate in a horizontal position; or	
2441	7. Display a specially designed Class G registration plate in a vertical position.	
2442	(WV Code 17A-3-15)	
2443	28.14.4 OPERATION OF VEHICLE WITHOUT EVIDENCE OF REGISTRATION;	
2444	USE OF TEMPORARY FACSIMILE.	
2445	No person shall operate or park, nor shall an owner knowingly permit to be	
2446	operated or parked upon any street or highway any vehicle required to be registered unless then	
2447	is attached thereto and displayed thereon or is in the possession of the operator when and as	
2448	required by this Traffic Code, a valid registration card and registration plate or plates issued	
2449	therefor by the Department of Motor Vehicles for the current registration year except as	

otherwise expressly permitted in West Virginia Code Chapter 17-A.

In the event that the registration plate or plates originally issued are lost, destroyed or stolen, a temporary facsimile of the plate or plates, showing the number of the same, may be attached to the vehicle by the owner for a period of not more than fifteen days, or until a new plate or plates are issued by the Department whichever is earlier: provided, that no such facsimile shall be used and no such vehicle shall be driven upon the streets or highways of this Municipality until the owner has notified in writing the State Police of the loss of such registration plate or plates. (WV Code 17A-9-2)

28.14.5 IMPROPER USE OF REGISTRATION CARD, PLATE OR PERMIT.

No person shall lend to another any certificate of title, registration card, registration plate, special plate or permit issued to him if the person desiring to borrow the same would not be entitled to the use thereof, nor shall any person knowingly permit the use of any of

the same by one not entitled thereto, nor shall any person display upon a vehicle any registration card, registration plates or permit not issued for such vehicle or not otherwise lawfully used thereon under this Traffic Code. (WV Code 17A-9-3)

28.14.6 DRIVER OR MOTORCYCLE LICENSE REQUIRED.

28.14.6:

- (a) No person, except those hereinafter expressly exempted, shall drive any motor vehicle upon a street or highway in this Municipality or upon any subdivision street, as used in West Virginia Code Article 8-24, when the use of such subdivision street is generally used by the public unless the person has a valid driver's license under the provisions of the West Virginia Code for the type or class of vehicle being driven.
- (b) Any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle as provided in the West Virginia Code may exercise the privilege thereby granted as provided in the West Virginia Code and, except as otherwise provided by law, shall not be required to obtain any other license to exercise such privilege by any county, municipality or local board or body having authority to adopt local police regulations.
- (c) No person, except those hereinafter expressly exempted, shall drive any motorcycle upon a street or highway in this Municipality or upon any subdivision street, as used in West Virginia Code Article 8-24 when the use of such subdivision street is generally used by the public unless the person has a valid motorcycle license or a valid license which has been endorsed under West Virginia Code 17B-2-7b for motorcycle operation or has a valid motorcycle instruction permit. (WV Code 17B-2-1)

28.14.7 PERSONS EXEMPT FROM LICENSE.

The following persons are exempt from the license required under Section

(a) Any person while operating a motor vehicle in the armed services of the United States while in the performance of his official duties;

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- **(b)** A nonresident who is at least sixteen years of age and who has in his or her immediate possession a valid driver's license issued to the person in the person's home state or country unless the Commissioner determines the person's home state or country does not extend the same privileges to a resident of this State, may operate a motor vehicle in this State only as a noncommercial driver for a period not to exceed ninety days in any one calendar year;
- (c) A nonresident who is at least sixteen years of age, who has in the person's immediate possession a valid driver's license issued to the person in the person's home state or country and who is employed in this State, or owns, maintains or operates a place or places of business in this State, or engages in any trade, profession or occupation in this State, in addition to the driving privileges extended under subsection (b) hereof, unless the Commissioner determines the person's home state or country does not extend the same privileges to a resident of this State, may operate a motor vehicle in this State only as a noncommercial driver in traveling to and from the person's place or places of employment, place or places of business or place or places at which the person engages in the trade, profession or occupation and in the discharge of the duties of the person's employment, business, trade, profession or occupation if the duties are such that, if performed by a resident of the State of West Virginia over the age of eighteen years of age, the resident would not be required under the provisions of West Virginia Code Chapter 17 to obtain a Class A, B, C or D driver's license. However, this subsection shall not exempt any person who is required to obtain a West Virginia driver's license in

accordance with the provisions of West Virginia Code 17B-2-1a;

- (d) A nonresident who is at least eighteen years of age and who has in his or her immediate possession a valid commercial driver's license issued to the person in his or her home state or country and which meets the requirements of the federal commercial motor vehicle act of 1986, Title XI of public law 99-570 and unless the Commissioner determines the person's home state or country does not extend the same privilege to a resident of this State may operate a motor vehicle in this State either as a commercial driver subject to the age limits applicable to commercial driver in this State, or as a noncommercial driver subject to the limitations imposed on nonresident drivers in subsections (b) and (c) hereof;
- (e) Any person who is a student, properly enrolled and registered in an accredited school, college or university in this State, who is at least sixteen years of age and who has in his or her immediate possession a valid driver's license issued to the person in the person's home state, notwithstanding the limitations of subsections (b) and (c) hereof may operate motor vehicle in this State only as noncommercial driver: provided, that the state of which the person is a resident shall extend the same privileges to residents of this State. This exemption shall be canceled immediately when the student is graduated from school, college or university or is expelled or ceases to be a student. (WV Code 17B-2-2)

28.14.8 LICENSE TO BE CARRIED AND EXHIBITED ON DEMAND.

(a) Every licensee shall have his or her driver's license in such person's immediate possession at all times when operating a motor vehicle and shall display the same, upon demand of a magistrate, municipal judge, circuit court judge, peace

2531	officer, police officer, or an employee of the Division of Motor Vehicles.
2532	Provided, that no person charged with violating this section shall be convicted if
2533	such person produces in court or at the office of the arresting officer a driver's
2534	license issued to such person and valid at the time of such person's arrest.
2535	(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a violation of
2536	Section 114.08 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than, five
2537	hundred dollars (\$500.00).
2538	28.14.9 CERTAIN ACTS PROHIBITED.
2539	No person shall commit any one of the following acts:
2540	(a) Display or cause or permit to be displayed or have in his possession any fictitious or
2541	fraudulently altered driver's or commercial driver's license or nonoperator's identification;
2542	(b) Lend his driver's or commercial driver's license or nonoperator's identification to any
2543	other person or knowingly permit the use thereof by another;
2544	(c) Display or represent as one's own any driver's or commercial driver's license or
2545	nonoperator's identification not issued to him;
2546	(d) Use a false or fictitious name in any application for a driver's or commercial driver's
2547	license or nonoperator's identification or knowingly make a false statement or knowingly
2548	conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in any such application;
2549	(e) Permit any unlawful use of a driver's or commercial driver's license or nonoperator's
2550	identification issued to him; or
2551	(f) Do any act forbidden or fail to perform any act required by this Traffic Code or West
2552	Virginia Code Chapter 17. (WV Code 17B-4-1)
2553	28.14.10 DRIVING UNDER SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION.

No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any public street or highway of this

Municipality at a time when his privilege so to do has been lawfully suspended or revoked. (WV

Code 17B-4-3)

(a) Any person who drives a motor vehicle on any public street or highway of or in the City of Weston at a time when his or her privilege to do so has been lawfully suspended or revoked by the State of West Virginia or any other jurisdiction is, for the first offense, guilty of a violation of Section 28.14.10, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00);

28.14.11 OWNER OR OPERATOR ALLOWING ANOTHER TO DRIVE.

No person shall authorize or knowingly permit a motor vehicle owned by him or under his control to be driven upon any street or highway by any person who is not authorized hereunder or in violation of any of the provisions of this Traffic Code. (WV Code 17E-4-4)

28.14.12 CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION AND APPROVAL; PENALTY.

It is a misdemeanor for any owner or operator, or both owner and operator, of any vehicle required to be inspected under subsection (a), section four of this article, to operate or permit to be operated such vehicle without having displayed thereon a current and valid certificate of inspection and approval or fail to produce same upon demand of any authorized person as designated under said subsection: Provided, That a dealer licensed to sell new vehicles under the provision of article six, chapter seventeen-a of this code shall not be required to display a certificate of inspection and approval upon any new vehicle if the vehicle is driven for an operational purpose including all activities associated with dealer preparation for sale of a motor vehicle belonging to such dealer when such vehicle has not been titled or delivered to a

purchaser, and when such car is not to be used in the demonstrator fleet or otherwise routinely driven on the highways or roads of this state.

Unless another penalty is by the laws of this state provided, every person convicted of a misdemeanor for operating a vehicle without having displayed thereon a current and valid certificate of inspection and approval or for failure to produce such certificate upon demand of an authorized person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100: Provided, That any person who obtains an inspection and a current and valid certificate of inspection and who, within five days of the issuance of a citation for a violation of the provisions of this section, provides a receipt of inspection to and makes the vehicle so operated available for examination by a court of competent jurisdiction, shall not be guilty of a violation of the provisions of this section: Provided, however, That the misdemeanor penalty shall be imposed if the certificate of inspection has not been valid for a period exceeding three months prior to the date of the issuance of a citation.

28.14.99 PENALTY.

- (a) <u>General Article Penalty.</u> Whoever violates any provision of this article for which no other penalty is provided shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00); for a second or subsequent violation of the same provision such person shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
- (b) Driving Under Suspension or Revocation.

1.Except as otherwise provided in West Virginia Code 17B-4-3(b) or (d), or subsection (b)(2) or (3) hereof, whoever drives a motor vehicle on any street or highway of this Municipality at a time when his or her privilege so to do has been lawfully suspended or revoked shall, for the first offense, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars

(\$500.00); for the second offense, such person, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). A record of the conviction of any person under this section upon a charge of driving a vehicle while the license of such person was suspended lawfully shall be sent to the State Department of Motor Vehicles.

(c) <u>Additional Penalties.</u> Whoever violates Sections 28.14.2, 28.14.3, 28.14.4, 28.14.9 or 28.14.11 shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

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2606		ARTICLE 15
2607		PEDESTRIANS
2608	28.15.1	Compliance with Traffic Regulations.
2609	28.15.2	Right of Way in Crosswalk.

2610 28.15.3 Crossing Roadway Outside of Crosswalk.

2611 28.15.4 Drivers to Exercise Due Care.

2612 28.15.5 Moving Upon Right Half of Crosswalk.

2613 28.15.6 Walking Along Streets and Highways; Soliciting Rides.

28.15.7 Persons Working on Streets and Highways.

2615 28.15.8 Protection of Blind Pedestrians.

2616 28.15.9 Electric Personal Assistive Mobility Device.

2617 28.15.99 Penalty.

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28.15.1 COMPLIANCE WITH TRAFFIC REGULATIONS.

Pedestrians shall be subject to traffic control signals at intersections as provided in Section 28.3.3, but at all other places pedestrians shall be accorded the privileges and shall be subject to the restrictions stated in this article. (WV Code 17C-10-1(a))

28.15.2 RIGHT OF WAY IN CROSSWALK.

- (a) When traffic control signals are not in place or not in operation the driver of a vehicle shall yield the right of way, slowing down or stopping if need be to so yield, to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within a crosswalk when the pedestrian is upon the half of the roadway upon which the vehicle is traveling, or when the pedestrian is approaching so closely from the opposite half of the roadway as to be in danger, but no pedestrian shall suddenly leave a curb or other place of safety and walk or run into the path of a vehicle which is so close that it is impossible for the driver to yield. This provision shall not apply under the conditions stated in Section 28.15.3(b).
- (b) Whenever any vehicle is stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any unmarked crosswalk at an intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the roadway, the driver of any other vehicle approaching from the rear shall not overtake and pass such stopped vehicle. (WV Code 17C-10-2)

28.15.3 CROSSING ROADWAY OUTSIDE CROSSWALK.

- (a) Every pedestrian crossing a roadway at any point other than within a marked crosswalk or within an unmarked crosswalk at an intersection shall yield the right of way to all vehicles upon the roadway.
- **(b)** Any pedestrian crossing a roadway at a point where a pedestrian tunnel or overhead pedestrian crossing has been provided shall yield the right of way to all vehicles upon the roadway.
- (c) Between adjacent intersections at which traffic control signals are in operation pedestrians shall not cross at any place except in a marked crosswalk. (WV Code 17C-

2645	10-3)
2646	28.15.4 DRIVERS TO EXERCISE DUE CARE.
2647	Notwithstanding any other provision of this article every driver of a vehicle shall
2648	exercise due care to avoid colliding with any pedestrian upon any roadway and shall give
2649	warning by sounding the horn when necessary and shall exercise proper precaution upon
2650	observing any child or any confused or incapacitated person upon a roadway. (WV Code 17C-
2651	10-4)
2652	28.15.5 MOVING UPON RIGHT HALF OF CROSSWALK.
2653	Pedestrians shall move, whenever practicable, upon the right half of crosswalks,
2654	(WV Code 17C-10-5)
2655	28.15.6 WALKING ALONG STREETS AND HIGHWAYS; SOLICITING RIDES.
2656	(a) Where sidewalks are provided, no pedestrian shall walk along and upon an adjacent
2657	roadway.
2658	(b) Where sidewalks are not provided any pedestrian walking along and upon a street or
2659	highway shall when practicable walk only on the left side of the roadway or its shoulder
2660	facing traffic which may approach from the opposite direction.
2661	(c) No person shall stand in a roadway for the purpose of soliciting a ride from the driver of
2662	any vehicle. (WV Code 17C-10-6)
2663	28.15.7 PERSONS WORKING ON STREETS AND HIGHWAYS.
2664	The driver of a vehicle shall yield the right of way to persons engaged in
2665	maintenance or construction work on a street or highway whenever he is notified of their
2666	presence by an official traffic control device or flagman. (WV Code 17C-10-8)
2667	28.15.8 PROTECTION OF BLIND PEDESTRIANS.

The driver of a vehicle approaching a blind pedestrian who knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that such pedestrian is blind because such pedestrian is carrying a cane predominantly white or metallic in color with or without a red tip, or is using a guide dog or otherwise, shall exercise care commensurate with the situation to avoid injuring such pedestrian. (WV Code 5-15-5)

28.15.9 ELECTRIC PERSONAL ASSISTIVE MOBILITY DEVICE.

- (a) For purposes of this section, the definition of an "electric personal assistive mobility device" is the same definition as previously set forth in Section 28.1.9 and "operator" shall refer to the operator of an electric personal assistive mobility device. (WV Code 17C-10A-1)
- (b) An electric personal assistive mobility device shall be equipped with: Front, rear and side reflectors, a braking system that enables the operator to bring the device to a controlled stop; and If operated at any time from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, a lamp that emits a white light that sufficiently illuminates the area in front of the device.
- (c) An operator of an electric personal assistive mobility device traveling on a sidewalk, roadway or bicycle path shall have the rights and duties of a pedestrian and shall exercise due care to avoid colliding with pedestrians. An operator shall yield the right of way to pedestrians.
- (d) Except as provided in this section, no other provisions of the motor vehicle code shall apply to electric personal assistive mobility devices. (WV Code 17C-10A-2)

28.15.99 PENALTY.

Whoever violates any provision of this article, for which no other penalty is

2691	provided, sha	all be fined not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00); upon a second conviction
2692	within one ye	ear thereafter shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00); and upon
2693	a third or sub	sequent conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
2694	(WV Code 1	7C-10-7) An operator who violates a provision of Section 28.15.9 shall receive a
2695	warning for t	he first offense. For a second or subsequent offense, the operator shall be punished
2696	by a fine of not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) and not greater than one hundred dollars (\$100.00).	
2697	(WV Code 1	7C-10A-2)
2698		ARTICLE 16
2699		BICYCLES
2700	28.16.1	Compliance, Code Application to Bicycles
2701	28.16.2	Obedience to Traffic Rules; Exceptions
2702	28.16.3	Riding Upon Seats; Number of Persons
2703	28.16.4	Attaching Bicycle or Sled to Vehicle
2704	28.16.5	Riding on Roadways and Bicycle Paths
2705	28.16.6	Carrying Articles
2706	28.16.7	Lights and Reflector on Bicycle; Signal Device; Brakes
2707	28.16.8	Reckless Operation; Control, Course and Speed
2708	28.16.9	Parental Duties
2709	28.16.10	Riding on Sidewalk Prohibited
2710	28.16.11	Bicycle Helmets for Children
2711	28.16.99	Penalty
2712		

28.16.1 COMPLIANCE; CODE APPLICATION TO BICYCLES.

2714	No person shall do any act forbidden or fail to perform any act required in this
2715	article.
2716	The parent of any child and the guardian of any ward shall not authorize or
2717	knowingly permit any such child or ward to violate any of the provisions of this Traffic Code.
2718	These regulations applicable to bicycles shall apply whenever a bicycle is
2719	operated upon any street or highway or upon any path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles
2720	subject to those exceptions stated herein. (WV Code 17C-11-1)
2721	28.16.2 OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC RULES; EXCEPTIONS.
2722	Every person riding a bicycle upon a roadway shall be granted all of the rights
2723	and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to the driver of a vehicle by this Traffic Code,
2724	except as to special regulations in this article and except as to those provisions of this Traffic
2725	Code which by their nature can have no application. (WV Code 17C-11-2)
2726	28.16.3 RIDING UPON SEATS; NUMBER OF PERSONS.
2727	A person propelling a bicycle shall not ride other than upon or astride a permanent
2728	and regular seat attached thereto. No bicycle shall be used to carry more persons at one time
2729	than the number for which it is designed and equipped. (WV Code 17C-11-3)
2730	28.16.4 ATTACHING BICYCLE OR SLED TO VEHICLE.
2731	No person riding upon any bicycle, coaster, skateboard, roller skates, sled or toy
2732	vehicle shall attach the same or himself to any vehicle upon a roadway. (WV Code 17C-11-4)
2733	28.16.5 RIDING ON ROADWAYS AND BICYCLE PATHS.
2734	Every person operating a bicycle upon a roadway shall ride as near to the right
2735	side of the roadway as practicable, exercising due care when passing a standing vehicle or one

proceeding in the same direction. Persons riding bicycles upon a roadway shall not ride more

2737 than two abreast except on paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles. 2738 Whenever a usable path for bicycles has been provided adjacent to a roadway, bicycle riders 2739 shall use such path and shall not use the roadway. (WV Code 17C-11-5) 2740 28.16.6 CARRYING ARTICLES. 2741 No person operating a bicycle shall carry any package, bundle or article which 2742 prevents the driver from keeping at least one hand upon the handlebars. (WV Code 17C-11-6) 2743 28.16.7 LIGHTS AND REFLECTOR ON BICYCLE; SIGNAL DEVICE; BRAKES. 2744 Every bicycle when in use at nighttime shall be equipped with a lamp on the front 2745 which shall emit a white light visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front and with a 2746 red reflector on the rear of a type approved by the Department of Motor Vehicles which shall be 2747 visible from all distances from fifty feet to 300 feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful 2748 upper beams of head lamps on a motor vehicle. A lamp emitting a red light visible from a 2749 distance of 500 feet to the rear may be used in addition to the red reflector. 2750 No person shall operate a bicycle unless it is equipped with a bell or other device 2751 capable of giving a signal audible for a distance of at least 100 feet, except that a bicycle shall 2752 not be equipped with nor shall any person use upon a bicycle any siren or whistle. 2753 Every bicycle shall be equipped with a brake which will enable the operator to 2754 make the braked wheels skid on dry, level, clean pavement. (WV Code 17C-11-7) 2755 28.16.8 RECKLESS OPERATION; CONTROL, COURSE AND SPEED. 2756 No person shall operate a bicycle: 2757 Without due regard for the safety and rights of pedestrians and drivers and

occupants of all other vehicles, and so as to endanger the life, limb or property of any person

while in the lawful use of the streets or sidewalks or any other public or private property;

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2760	Without exercising reasonable and ordinary control over such bicycle;
2761	In a weaving or zigzag course unless such irregular course is necessary for safe
2762	operation in compliance with law;
2763	Without both hands upon the handle grips except when necessary to give the
2764	required hand and arm signals, or as provided in Section 28.16.6;
2765	At a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the conditions then
2766	existing.
2767	28.16.9 PARENTAL DUTIES.
2768	The parent of any child and the guardian of any ward shall not authorize or
2769	knowingly permit any such child or ward to violate any of the provisions of this article.
2770	28.16.10 RIDING ON SIDEWALK PROHIBITED.
2771	No person shall ride any bicycle upon any sidewalk within the City.
2772	28.16.11 BICYCLE HELMETS FOR CHILDREN.
2773	(a) <u>Definitions.</u> As used in this section:
2774	"Bicycle" means a human-powered vehicle with wheels designed to transport, by
2775	the action of pedaling, one or more persons seated on one or more saddle seats on its frame.
2776	Such term also includes a human-powered vehicle, and any attachment to such vehicle designed
2777	to transport by pedaling when the vehicle is used on a public roadway, public bicycle path or
2778	other public right-of-way, but does not include a tricycle.
2779	"Tricycle" means a three-wheeled human-powered vehicle designed for use as a
2780	toy by a single child under the age of six years, the seat of which is no more than two feet from
2781	ground level.
2782	"Public roadway" means a right of way under the jurisdiction and control of this

State or the Municipality for use primarily by motor vehicles.

"Public bicycle path" means a right of way under the jurisdiction and control of this State 'or the Municipality for use primarily by bicycles and pedestrians.

"Other public right-of-way" means any right of way other than a public roadway or public bicycle path that is under the jurisdiction and control of this State or the Municipality and is designed for use and used by vehicular or pedestrian traffic.

"Protective bicycle helmet" means a piece of headgear which meets or exceeds the impact standards for protective bicycle helmets set by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) or the Snell Memorial Foundation's standards for protective headgear or American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) for use in bicycling.

"Passenger" means any person who travels on a bicycle in any manner except as an operator.

"Operator" means a person who travels on a bicycle seated on a saddle seat from which that person is intended to and can pedal the bicycle. (WV Code 17-11A-3)

(b) Requirements for Helmet Use.

It is unlawful for any person under fifteen years of age to operate or be a passenger on a bicycle or any attachment to a bicycle used on a public roadway, public bicycle path or other public right of way unless at all times when the person is so engaged he or she wears a protective bicycle helmet of good fit, fastened securely upon the head with the straps of the helmet.

It is unlawful for any parent or legal guardian of a person under fifteen years of age to knowingly permit such person to operate or be a passenger on a bicycle or on any attachment to a bicycle used on a public roadway, public bicycle path or other public right of

way unless at all times when the person is so engaged he or she wears a protective bicycle helmet of good fit, fastened securely upon the head with the straps of the helmet. (WV Code 17C-11A-4)

- (c) <u>Sale of Bicycle Helmets.</u> Any helmet sold or offered for sale for use by operators and passengers of bicycles shall be conspicuously labeled in accordance with the standard described in subsection (a)(6) hereof, which shall constitute the manufacturer's certification that the helmet conforms to the applicable safety standards. (WV Code 17C-11A-5)
- (d) <u>Civil Actions.</u> A violation of subsection (b) hereof is not admissible as evidence of negligence or contributory negligence or comparative negligence in any civil action or proceeding for damages, and shall not be admissible in mitigation of damages. (WV Code 17C-11A-6)

28.16.99 PENALTY.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 28.2.99, any parent or legal guardian violating any requirement set forth in Section 28.16.12(b) shall be fined ten dollars (\$10.00) or be required to perform two hours in community service related to a child injury prevention program which includes injury prevention education or both fined and required to perform such community service. Notwithstanding the provisions of West Virginia Code 8-11-1, no court costs may be assessed to any person violating the requirements of Section 28.16.12(b).

In the case of a first violation of Section 28.16.12(b), the court may waive the fine upon receipt of satisfactory proof that the person has a helmet or within a reasonable time from the date of the violation, purchased or otherwise obtained, a protective bicycle helmet.

It is an absolute defense to a charge for a violation of Section 28.16.12 that a

2829 parent or legal guardian is unable to pay for the protective bicycle helmet. Inability to pay may 2830 be demonstrated by the filing of a financial affidavit in accordance with the provisions of West 2831 Virginia Code 59-2-1(c). Any person who demonstrates inability to pay shall be referred to the 2832 Governor's highway safety program for assistance in obtaining the appropriate helmet or 2833 helmets. (WV Code 17C-11A-7) 2834 ARTICLE 17 2835 **All Terrain Vehicles** 2836 28.17.1 Prohibition on ATV's and RTV's 2837 28.17.2 Exceptions 28.17.3 2838 Work Permits 2839 28.17.4 **Knowingly Permitting Opertation** 2840 28.17.5 Liability and Severability 2841 28.17.99 Penalty 2842 2843 28.17.1 Prohibition of ATV's and RTV's 2844 The riding, operation or other use of ATV's and RTV's within or upon the streets, alleys, 2845 side walks, parking lots and other governmentally owned, leased or controlled property situated 2846 within the corporate limits of the City of Weston, is prohibited, except as authorized in 28.17.2. 2847

28.17.2 Exceptions

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The riding, operation or other use of ATV's and RTV's is prohibited in 28.17.1, except as follows:

(a) It shall not be a violation for any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle within this state to ride, operate or otherwise use an ATV or RTV upon any private property located within the City of Weston. It shall not be a violation for any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle within this state to ride, operate or otherwise use an ATV or RTV upon a designated parade route, when such person is a duly registered and recognized participant in any registered and recognized parade activity, or such other activities sponsoring parades recognized and proved by the Common Council of the City of Weston, provided, that such ATV or RTV use, occurs in conjunction with the said parade, festival or other recognized or approved activity.

(c) It shall not be a violation for any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle within this state to ride, operate or otherwise use an ATV or RTV upon property otherwise restricted from such use, when such person is a participant in a duly organized exhibition or competition, authorized by the Common Council of the City of Weston through the issuance of a permit or as set forth herein. Application for any permit to conduct any such duly organzied exhibition or competition must be made with the Common Council of the City of Weston not less than thirty (30) days prior to the proposed date for conducting the exhibition or competition.

(d) It shall not be a violation for any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle within this state to ride, operate or otherwise use an ATV or RTV upon property otherwise restricted from such use, when such person has been duly authorized by

the City Manager and the Chief of Police for the City of Weston, to so use an ATV or RTV through the issuance of a work permit.

(e) All federal, state and local governmental entities, including but not limited to all emergency and law enforcement agencies, for such use in the regular course of legitimate, emergency or law enforcement activities.

28.17.3 Work Permits

A work permit for the riding, operation and other use of an ATV or RTV upon property otherwise restricted from such use herein may be obtained from the Weston Police Department, 102 W. Second Street, Weston, West Virginia, 26452, during normal business hours and upon proper application and approval.

Work permits for the authorized use of ATV's and RTV's within the corporate limits of the City of Weston may be issued to the following person(s) and entity(ies):

- (a) Any person(s) over the age of Eighteen (18) years old, in possession of a valid West Virginia driver's license, (or its equivalent), and has current insurance for the ATV or RTV to be utilized, for approved domestic, commercial and agricultural purposes. The person applying for the ATV or RTV work permit must be the registered owner of the ATV or RTV to be used. If the ATV or RTV is owned by a corporation or company, the person applying for the permit must be an employee of said corporation or company and will be utilizing the permit for the benefit of the corporation or company.
- (b) All work permits so issued are only valid for the permitted operation of the permitted ATV or RTV by the permitted person.
- (c) If more than one ATV or RTV is to be utilized, a work permit must be obtained for each ATV or RTV.

- 2896 (d) An annual work permit fee of Twenty Five Dollars must accompany each application for an ATV or RTV work permit.
 - (e) The work permit must be renewed annually.

- (f) Any and all work permits may be revoked at any time for any reason by the Common Council, by the City Manager or by any member of the Police Department of the City of Weston.
 - (g) Work permits issued by this code are non-transferrable.
 - (h) The Common Council of the City of Weston hereby authorizes the City Manager and the Chief of Police of the City of Weston to promulgate and all additional rules and regulations for the issuance of work permits for the riding, operation and other use of an ATV or RTV.

28.17.4 Knowingly Permitting Operation

The parent or other guardian of any person not having obtained the age of eighteen (18) years old shall not authorize or knowingly permit any such minor to violate any provision of this article. Any such act shall constitute a violation hereof, and subject such parent or guardian to the same criminal penalty as set forth in 28.17.99.

28.17.5 Liability and Severability

Nothing contained within this Article is intended, nor shall be construed so as to created or form the basis for any civil or administrative liability whatsoever on part of the City of Weston, or any of its officers, officials, employees, or agents, for any cause of action for injury or damage resulting to any person, or property, occurring as a consequence of any action or inaction on the part of the City of Weston, its officers, officials, employees or agents, as related in any

manner to the enforcement or non-enforcement of this Article, including but not limited to the City of Weston, its officers, officials, employees or agents.

The provisions of this Article are severable in the event that any provisions or part hereof shall be held invalid for any reason by any Court exercising competent jurisdiction, then such invalidity shall not be deemed to affect or impair any other provisions or parts of this Article not specifically held to be invalid. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the Common Council of the City of Weston that this Article would have been adopted if any such invalid provision or part hereof had not been included herein.

28.17.99 Penalty

- (a) Any person adjudged guilty and convicted of any first offense established in this Article, by the Municipal Court shall be subject to a fine of not less than Twenty Five Dollars (\$25.00), nor more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), plus all Court costs.
- (b) Any person adjudged guilty and convicted of any second or subsequent offense(s) established in this Article, by the Municipal Court, shall be subject to a fine of note less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), nor more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), plus all Court costs.

PART II – EFFECTIVE DATE

2937	This Ordinance shall be deemed effective on _	September 8, 2020 .
2938	FIRST READING:	August 28, 2020
2939	SECOND READING AND ADOPTION:	September 8, 2020

2941	<u>CERTIFICATE OF ENACTMENT</u>
2942	I, <u>Kristin Droppleman Donaldson</u> , CITY CLERK of the City of Weston, West
2943	Virginia, do hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was lawfully ordained and enacted by
2944	the Common Council of the City of Weston at a regular session of the said Common Council
2945	assembled on <u>September 8</u> , 2020.
2946	Knistin D. Donaldson (Clerk)